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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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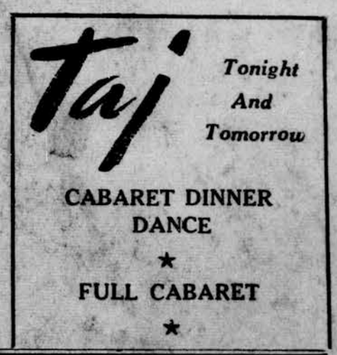

In New Guinea

Australians To Launch Offensive

LONDON, Oct. 1.

A rapid and sweeping advance can hardly be expected by the Australian troops who have now started an offensive in New Guinea, learns Reuter's Military correspondent.

It is a country in which tanks will be almost useless. In the advance now taking place, it would seem we are copying and employing Japanese tactics as far as possible. In their defensive warfare, the Japanese are resorting to well concealed, strongly fortified, independent isolated machine-gun posts and obstructions scattered about almost impenetrable jungle in Depty. The whittling out of each of these strongholds is likely to be a very laborious task. Frontal attacks are quite out of the question and it is necessary to employ infiltration tactics.—Reuter.

AIR RAID VICTIMS IN U. K.

LONDON, October 1.

Civilians numbering 47,505 were killed and 55,658 injured and detained in hospital in air raids on the United Kingdom during the first three years of the war, the Home Secretary Mr. Herbert Morrison announced in a written reply in the Commons todsy.

Of these 21,110 and 26,071 respectively were casualties for greater London.—Reuter.

ORISSA PREMIER'S MISSION TO DELHI

CUTTACK, October 1.

The Maharaja of Parlakimedi, Premier of Orissa, is leaving for Delhi tonight.

The 'United Press' learns that during his stay in Delhi the Premier will have an interview with the Viceroy, in course of which he will try to impress upon His Excellency the need for immediate Government initiative for the solution of the present political impasse.—United Press.

ENEMY CONVOY INTERCEPTED

LONDON, Oct. 1.

An Admiralty 'communique' announces "light coastal forces under the command of Lt. J. E. Dyer intercepted an enemy convoy of about six supply ships with a powerful escort of flak ships and E or R boats off Tershelling at about midnight last night. The convoy was immediately engaged and a torpedo hit was scored amidships on a medium size enemy supply ship which blew up.

One of our motor gunboats was hit and stopped. As this action took place very close to the enemy's coast, it was impossible to tow her back. While she was being engaged by four of the enemy, a motor-torpedo boat closed on her and took off all the crew who set fire to the boat before leaving her. When last seen, the abandoned boat was blazing furiously from end to end and was still being engaged by the enemy.

The remainder of our forces sustained only superficial damage and returned safely to harbour. Casualties were not heavy. The next of kin are being informed as soon as possible."—Reuter.

No Haj Pilgrimage This Year By Sea Route

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1.

A Press "communique" states: In view of the existing danger from enemy action to which pilgrim ships and passengers would be exposed, the Government of India have decided not to arrange Haj pilgrimage this year by the sea route.

The decision, it is realised will cause severe disappointment to intending pilgrims, but the Government of India are of opinion that the risk to lives in the hands of the enemy who has no regard for civilian lives is such that they would not be justified in permitting sailings.—United Press.

Royal Way Out Of Indian Deadlock

C. R. OFFERS FOUR-FOLD PLAN TO BRITAIN

But Amery Says Contact With Leaders In Jail Will Not Promote Settlement

"I see no reason to think that a settlement would be promoted by contact with Congress members at this moment", declared Mr. L. S. Amery, when asked in the Commons about facilities for legitimate communications with Congress prisoners for political settlement.

NO SETTLEMENT POSSIBLE

LONDON, Oct. 1.

The Leader of the House, Sir Stafford Cripps, announced in the Commons to-day that the debate on India would take place on the third sitting day of the next series of sittings.

Mr. Amery was questioned in the Commons to-day as to what representations he had received from influential persons or organisations in India respecting facilities for legitimate communication with Congress prisoners for political negotiations. He was also asked to state the present whereabouts of Pandit Nehru and if Pandit Nehru can receive correspondence.

Mr. Amery said: "I have received no such representation. Mr. Nehru is permitted to correspond with his family on family matters. I am not prepared to disclose his recent whereabouts."

Mr. Sorensen, (Labour) asked if Mr. Amery was aware that many prominent non-Congress politicians in India do earnestly desire to communicate with leaders of the Congress with a view to a possible settlement and whether it is true that Pandit Nehru is in East Africa.

Mr. Amery replied: "Pandit Nehru is in India.

I see no reason to think that a settlement would be promoted by contact with Congress members at this moment."

MACHINE-GUNNING FROM AIR

Asked for information regarding machine-gunning of disorderly crowds in India from aircraft and invited to order cessation of such methods, Mr. Amery said: "I have nothing material to add to the official statement made in the Indian Legislature last week and reported here in the Press to the effect that during the recent disturbances mobs were five times machine-gunned from the air and after an aeroplane crash which occurred on September 18 in Bihar in which the pilot was killed and the crew of the aircraft were murdered by a mob.

It was found necessary to use aircraft to check sabotage by mobs in areas in which the movement of troops on the ground was hampered both by widespread interruption of railways and by exceptional flood conditions.

The measures taken by the Government of India to restore order in the circumstances, the seriousness of which, is, I think, still imperfectly appreciated in this country, have my full support (cheers). I am not prepared to interfere with the Viceroy's discretion in this matter."

SULTAN AHMED EXPLAINED

Dealing with the statement by Sir Sultan Ahmed that the British Government could not resist a National Government presented by All-Indian Political Parties, Mr. Amery said that Sir Sultan Ahmed was dealing with a situation which, unfortunately, did not seem likely to be realised in the immediate future. The conditions which Sir Sultan Ahmed stipulated as essential to the formation of an Indian National Government were in accordance with the repeatedly declared British Government policy.

Mr. Amery added: "In any such National Government that were constituted there would, of course, have to be ultimate responsibility to Parliament under the existing constitution pending the establishment of an agreed Indian constitution."—Reuter.

C. R.'s' ROYAL WAY OUT OF INDIAN DEADLOCK

Mr. C. Rajagopalachar, ex-Premier, Madras, has issued the following statement:—

The "Manchester Guardian's" suggestion that all that the Government of India can now do is to help those Indians who are outside the Congress to reach an agreement among themselves and enable them to challenge the Congress is disappointing. Mr. Amery's confident classic style or his skilful presentation of half-true Indian history will not solve the Indian problem or help the war-effort. The drift is far too perilous for the United Nations to be satisfied with Mr. Amery's white-wash.

In India no one now pays any attention to Mr. Amery's periodical apologies. I believe that even in America there are at present too many well-informed men who have returned from India for the Indian Secretary of State to make much headway with American opinion."

IMMEDIATE ISSUE

"The single, immediate and urgent issue that vitally affects the war position is: Can the allied nations safely let the moral and political terrain in India remain as it is? The Government of India admitting the validity of the argument that indifference and antipathy should be converted into thorough-going friendship, pleads, however, that it is impossible for human effort to achieve this alchemy. The British Parliament should know the wisdom of the Indian Civil Service is not the last word on the limit of human effort. The plea of impossibility is wholly invalid during war time. If there be a will there is a way and I submit there is a royal way.

C. R.'S ROYAL WAY

"Let the British Parliament act on the moral responsibility that has been so often claimed, and direct the Viceroy to scrap his fear and prejudice and choose men well-known to command the allegiance of vast bodies of men of various communities in India, whether they be in prison or not; and declare that they form his Cabinet for governing India during the period of the war.

Let the conduct of the military operations be safe-guarded as hitherto by the supervening authority of the British Cabinet as agreed to without reservation by the Congress during the Cripps negotiations.

Let those in Prison who are thus nominated be given the choice to accept or refuse the responsibility and power offered.

Those of us who are outside have little doubt that the responsibility will be undertaken and will not be shirked. If any refuse to serve, their places will be filled by the rest in consultation with the Viceroy.

All the constitutional issues that are bolstered up to excuse the drift are post-war issues and they can be solemnly declared as not prejudged and subject to arbitration by the United Nations.

"There is nothing impossible or even difficult in this proposal. It will, if accepted, achieve the alchemy required to change the whole position in India. I am prepared and so are many others in India, whose position and title to advise are undoubted, to answer questions and convince any fair-minded body of statesmen.—A. P.

25 KILLED IN FIRING

Sequel To Mob Attempt On Erum Police Station

CUTTACK, Oct. 1

Twenty-five persons were killed when police opened fire on a mob attempting to raid the police station at Erum in Basudeopur says a report received from Balasore.

Another report says that two persons were killed as a result of police firing in Khatra on September 28 Khaira is on the border of Nilgiri State, where considerable disturbance is reported. It is stated that the police opened fire twice, first when a mob tried to set fire to a house from where the police wanted to arrest a man. On the same day firing had to be resorted to again when a mob of one thousand attempted to rescue about fifteen arrested men of the locality.—A. P.

SIX KILLED IN FIRING

TAMLUK (Midnapore) Sept. 30.

About half a dozen persons are reported to have lost their lives and several others received injuries as a result of firing, which was resorted to by the police at three different places in the town yesterday in order to disperse demonstrators.

It is stated that demonstrators attempted to enter the town through different routes in processions carrying Congress flags and shouting slogans. It was reported to the authorities that the demonstrators were coming to the town to raid and burn all Government offices situated almost in one compound and the local police station. Having failed to persuade the crowds to disperse, and in some places lathi charges also proving unavailing the police officers-in-charge had to order firing.

The three places, where firing was resorted to, were the entrance to the Civil Court compound, the vicinity of the Tamluk Police Station and the Sankara Bridge in the heart of the town. The firing resulted in the dispersal of the demonstrators. A report received here states that the police had to open fire at Mahisadal yesterday afternoon. The demonstrators are stated to have set fire to and burnt the Mahisadal Police Station the same night.

Another report states that demonstrators cut open and damaged the District Board Road from Panchkura to Norghat at some places, and also placed various sorts of obstacles on the road thereby stopping all possible traffic on the route.

Telegraph and telephone wires were also cut in some places. The additional District Magisstrate and the Superintendent of Police, Midnapore are now on the spot, and all possible arrangements are being made to repair the breaches and the damage to the road.—A. P.

FIRE OPENED IN KAMRUP VILLAGE

GAUHATI, Sept. 30.

Two persons are reported to have been killed and two injured when the officer-in-charge of Patacharkuchi police station, in Kamrup district, had to open fire in self-defence following violent mobs attacking him while escorting arrested persons to the 'Thana.'

A large crowd attempted to hoist the Congress flag on the court buildings of Tezpur when the police made a lathi charge to deter the people from the act says an authenticated report.

About 740 persons have been arrested in Nowgong district till last week in connection with the present disturbances according to information received here; 151 persons were sentenced to undergo various terms of imprisonment while 251 are awaiting trial. Of the arrested persons 343 from rural areas who were brought to town were discharged.—A. P.

NEGOTIATE ON BASIS OF INDEPENDENCE

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Independence and a National Government for India and the immediate resumption of negotiations on that basis by the British Government were demanded by an India League meeting in London to-night (Wednesday) in a resolution, which was proposed by the Labourite member of Parliament Mr. R. W. Sorensen who expressed regret that during the last eight weeks of 'repression and sporadic violence' in India, "the civil population has been fired on 234 times and people have been machine-gunned from the air."

The Barrister Secretary of the India League, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, declared that it is still not too late to achieve settlement if India's independence is recognised and she is given the Government of Free Peoples.

The resolution deplored Mr. Churchill's statement in Parliament. Mr. Menon contended that the Viceroy's Executive was not a National Government, since it was not responsible to the people.—Reuter.

Soviet Break Through Nazi Defences

ADVANCE ALONG DON TO RELIEVE STALINGRAD

Stalin's "Stand Firm" Call On Eve Of Decisive Clash

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 1.

Marshal Timoshenko's forces have broken through some points of the German defensive positions in a thrust along the Don north-west of Stalingrad.

Other Russian forces have begun to advance along the west bank of the Don at Kletskaya some eighty miles north-west of Stalingrad.

DECISIVE STAGE

LONDON: The Vichy radio said to-day: "The battle for Stalingrad appears to have entered a decisive stage".

FIGHT-TO-DEATH APPEAL

MOSCOW: A fight to the death appeal to the defenders of Stalingrad was issued to-day by the "Red Star" which adds: "We know it is difficult, but there is no other way. There is no place to retreat. The enemy must be repulsed at all costs."

The fighting spirit in Stalingrad is being maintained at its highest pitch under the inspiration of Red Army leaders and the city's Defence Committee.

SOVIET ADVANCE SOUTH OF STALINGRAD

Advancing under a curtain of fire put up by the guns of the Volga Flotilla, Soviet infantry have made a fresh advance south of Stalingrad, says Reuter's special correspondent. To-day's news from the front said that this advance resulted in the recapture of a village and a height whose exact position was not specified.

Marshal Timoshenko's relief army north-west of the City continues to advance, but under difficult conditions.

TANK ASSAULTS

Soviet tank assaults are met by intense German artillery fire. German gunners are exploiting to the full the tactics of rapid manoeuvre in an attempt to hold this drive. The German advance in Stalingrad's north-west suburbs, already announced by Moscow, took place at the end of the day after two attacks had been repelled. Enemy advances in this area are usually counted in tens or at the most hundreds of yards.

STALIN'S CALL

All the German attacks in other street sectors have been repelled. In one street the Russians recaptured two houses.

As the battle of Stalingrad entered its third month to-day it is revealed here that M. Stalin telephoned a special "Stand Firm" message on the eve of the clash. The Secretary of the local Communist Party, M. Alexander Chuianov, stated: "When the enemy was approaching Stalingrad M. Stalin came through on the telephone telling us, that we must fight panic-mongers."

NEW NAZI TANK ADVANCE

The position at Stalingrad is very strained. A new German tank advance in the north-east factory district is being followed up by a concentration of air bombardment of the workers' settlement area and also the Volga crossing. The situation in the central sector of the town is also tense.

A frontline dispatch to the "Pravda" stated to-day: "The Germans are concentrating massed artillery fire on selected and very narrow sectors. They keep up a torrent of shells for 24 hours on end in the hope that they will be able to smash the gap however small for tommy-gunners to filter through. Two infantry divisions as well as the tank division already reported are among the latest German reinforcements to arrive on the Stalingrad front.

Battles on an enormous front are going on in the steppes bordering the Don north-west of Stalingrad. The Russians have again pushed back the enemy to the south somewhat. The Germans are feeling the strain of their long lines of communications.

FIERCE FIGHTING CONTINUES

The Soviet 'communique' to-day says:—"During the night of September 30, our troops fought the enemy in the areas of Stalingrad and Mozdok. No material changes took place on the other fronts."

A supplement to the 'communique' states that fierce fighting continued in Stalingrad area.

NEW YORK COTTON

T.-day's Closing	.....	18.23
Difference	.....	—.07

North-west of Stalingrad, Soviet artillery destroyed 13 tanks and killed 500 of the enemy. The enemy were thrown out of a village. Some 200 enemy were killed. North-west of Stalingrad enemy attacks were repelled and 300 of the enemy killed. On another sector two enemy companies were wiped out and three tanks destroyed.

South-east of Novorossisk several enemy attacks were repelled. In another sector the enemy succeeded in driving a wedge into Soviet positions. Fighting against these enemy units continues.

North of Voronezh there was fighting of local importance.—Reuter.

Soviet Entry Into Rzhev

LONDON, Oct. 1.

The Vichy Radio said to-day that some Soviet detachments were reported to have entered the immediate environs of Rzhev, a key town on the Moscow-Riga Railway north-west of Moscow. The Germans are counter-attacking.

BR. ATTACK IN EGYPT?

No Confirmation Of Rome Report In London

ROME, October 1.

Thursday's Italian communique states that enemy infantry supported by armoured units yesterday morning attacked Italian positions in the southern sector of the front.

LONDON: Upto this afternoon no confirmation of the Rome report of a British attack in Egypt has been received in London from any source.

ARTILLERY EXCHANGES

CAIRO:—A joint Middle East communique issued on Thursday states, "During Tuesday night, patrol activity continued. Yesterday there were artillery exchanges in the Central Sector. Landing grounds at Sidi Haneish and targets at Tobruk and Sollum were attacked. Enemy air activity was on an increased scale over the battle area and included Stuka and Fighter-bomber attacks. Our own light bombers and fighter-bombers also operated and two of our long-range fighters encountering a formation of four enemy bombers near Matruh shot three down without loss. From these operations two of our aircraft have not returned."—Reuter.

Solomons

JAPS MULTIPLY THEIR ATTACKS

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Reuter's special correspondent in the south-western Pacific battle zone writes: The Japanese are multiplying their attacks by land, sea and air on the American forces holding the Solomons area and strong reinforcements are needed there without delay. Japanese infiltraters had almost reached the boundaries of Guadalcanar airfields before being thrown back to the jungles recently. The land forces have not been able to prevent night landings of Japanese troops and Japanese submarines and surface vessels have maintained a regular night bombardment of shore establishments. Efforts are now being made to increase and speed up supplies for the Americans. The indications are that both sides will try to build up their forces at every opportunity and the Solomons will be one of the world's main battle-fronts for months to come.—Reuter.

NIZAM GOVT. BAN ON GANDHI JAYANTI MEETING

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD (Dn.) October 1.

The Nizam's Government has refused permission for holding a public meeting tomorrow in connection with the celebration of Gandhiji's 74th birthday.

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Wanted a Tutor to coach an Inter-Commerce boy in all subjects, particularly accounts and English. Those with previous experience need apply with copies of testimonials stating terms to Box No. 16949, "Bombay Chronicle."

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that with immediate effect and until further notice, the hours of business of these Banks at Bombay Office and Local Branches in Bombay will be as follows:—

ON WEEK DAYS.
10-30 A.M. to 3-30 P.M.

ON SATURDAYS.
10-30 A.M. to 1-00 P.M.

(9935)

NOTIFICATION

THE BOMBAY GAS COMPANY LIMITED

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IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that with effect from 1st October, '42, until further notice, the hours of business of this bank will be as follows:—

ON WEEK DAYS
10-30 A.M. to 3 P.M.

ON SATURDAYS
10-30 A.M. to 1 P.M.

The Indian Bank, Ltd., would remind their constituents that in order to be in time for the new clearing hours recently advertised by the president of the Bombay Bankers' clearing House cheques should be received by us by 11-30 a.m. and 1-45 p.m. on Mondays to Fridays and 11-30 a.m. on Saturdays.

9836.

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Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY. Rate Circulars

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Foreign Rate Circular No. 5 (Goods and Coaching) of 1942 has been issued.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or Stations.

9923.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

A. No. 94 of 1941.

In the matter of the Arbitration between Messrs. MOTIRAM WAGHJI and Messrs. ALIMAHOMED RATANLAL ANAND RAO & CO. & Ors.

Messrs. MOTIRAM WAGHJI, a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
(vs.)
Messrs. ALIMAHOMED RATANLAL ANANDRAO & CO. & Ors. ..... Defendants.

TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before His Lordship the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania on THURSDAY, the 8th day of October, 1942, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) or so soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard by Counsel on the part of the abovenamed Plaintiffs for:

(1) a decree in terms of the Award, dated the 13th day of January, 1941 and filed herein on the 28th day of November, 1941, of Mr. Hansraj Hirji and Mr. Mahomedally Habib, the arbitrators appointed herein viz. that the defendants jointly and severally do pay to the plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 4,587-1-9 with interest thereon at 4 per cent per annum from the 18th day of August, 1940, till the date of the decree and costs of the arbitration Rs. 75/-.

(2) an order that the defendants do pay to the plaintiffs their costs of filing the Award, issuing Notices and Prothonotary's Certificate thereon and of this application and the decree to be passed in pursuance thereof and interests on judgment at 6 per cent per annum.

Dated this 31st day of July, 1942.

(Sd.) MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

To,
Messrs. Alimahomed Ratanlal Anandrao & Co.
Mr. Ratanlal Kanaiyalal; and
Mr. Anandrao Maneckrao,
The defendants abovenamed.

NOTE:—The affidavit of Jethmal Motiram affirmed on the 31st day of July, 1942, will be used in support of this Notice of Motion.

9831.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MANECK CURSETJI DAVAR and AIMAI MANECK DAVAR, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that peace or parcel of Foras Freehold land (now redeemed, together with the structures there on situate at Dadar Road, in the City Island and Registration Sub District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1961 Sq. Yds. and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with the adjacent vacant piece of land under New Nos. 12511 and 12497, New Survey No. C|2001 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 73 of Dadar Naigaum Division and assessed under F Ward No. 522 (4) and Street No. 116 and bounded as follows:— on the East by the said Dadar Road on the West by the said vacant piece of land bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1|73 of Dadar Division on the North by Dadar Cross Road and on the South by property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 72.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1942.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
9924

From TO-DAY!

CITY LIGHT

Cinema Magnificent,
Lady Jamshedji Road.
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays: 2 p.m.
TAJMAHAL'S
"UJALA"
NASEEM & PRITHVIRAJ

Public Notices

G. I. P. RAILWAY

WANTED Anglo Indian and Domiciled European Candidates to fill 10 posts of Firemen (temporary) pay Rs. 60-5-90.

2. Age not less than 18 years on 1st October 1942. Educational qualifications not lower than V Standard of English under the Government Grant-in-Aid Code of the Bombay University or its equivalent. Candidates should be physically fit generally and have the following sight standard:—

DISTANT VISION—As tested with Landolt's split rings must be 6/6 in each eye without glasses and the manifest Hypermetropia not more than 1-0 each eye.

NEAR VISION—Snellen 0-5 in each eye without glasses—colour perception as tested with the Edridge Green Lantern should be normal.

NIGHT VISION—Candidates suffering from night blindness will be rejected.

3. Forms of application obtainable from the Divisional Transportation Superintendent, Bhusawal, on payment of Re. 1/- by Money Order only. Full name and address of applicant should be entered in Block Capital letters on Money Order Coupons otherwise money orders are liable to be returned. Last date for receipt of Money Order is 12-10-42.

4. Candidates called for interview should attend entirely at their own expense. A call for an interview will not imply any offer of definite employment.

9821.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY, FRIDAY, the 2nd October, 1942, at 2-30 p.m. (New S. T.), at the premises of Messrs. Gorio Ltd., at Hornby Road (above Messrs. Singer S. Machine Co.) the undermentioned property of A. Kiefer, vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property.

A big lot of rich toilet sets, brush sets, platinum gilt and 15 ct. gold gilt links and studs, coat and vest buttons, cigarette cases and holders, etc.

On view.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Municipality (Impts) Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY the 6th October, 1942, at 3-30 P.M. (New S.T.), at the premises the materials for removal of the following Buildings:—

St. No. 251, 251A, 251B, 253, 253A, 280, Case Nos. 154CII, 154CIV, 793, Dharavi Road and Wadala.

St. No. 17, 86, Cases Nos. 18, 594, Naigaum Cross Road and Bhoiwada, Parel.

MENESSE & CO.

From TO-DAY

The story of a helpless & motherless girl.

"NIRDOSH"

NATIONAL'S dancing picture in HINDI

Starring: Sweet NALINI JAYAWANT

BROADWAY

DADAR
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Sat. Sun. at 1-45 p.m.

MINERVA'S SWEET ENTERTAINER with the Violin Touch

PHIR MILENGE

Direction: SOHRAB MODI

11th Week **CENTRAL**

Daily: 4, 7, 9-30 p.m.
MATINEE at 1 p.m. on Sat. Sun. & Holidays.

MAJESTIC

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., 12-30 noon
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Song-Dance-Drama
BASANT

EXCELSIOR

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

An Explosion of thrills, comedy and suspense

Leslie Banks
Alastair Sim
John Mills

in

COTTAGE TO LET
COTTAGE TO LET

with

JEANNE DE CASALIS
FRANK CELLIER

From TOMORROW

NALINI JAYWANT & SHEIKH MUKHTAR

in

NATIONAL SAUDIOS Attractive Picture

SISTER

Director—MEHBOOB

PRABHAT

MATUNGA B. B.

COMFORTABLY COOL

METRO

Esplanade Rd. Tel. 31045
Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

THAT STRANGE TOWN.... WHERE EVERY HEART CONCEALED A SECRET SIN!

ANN SHERIDAN · ROBT. CUMMINGS
RONALD REAGAN · BETTY FIELD

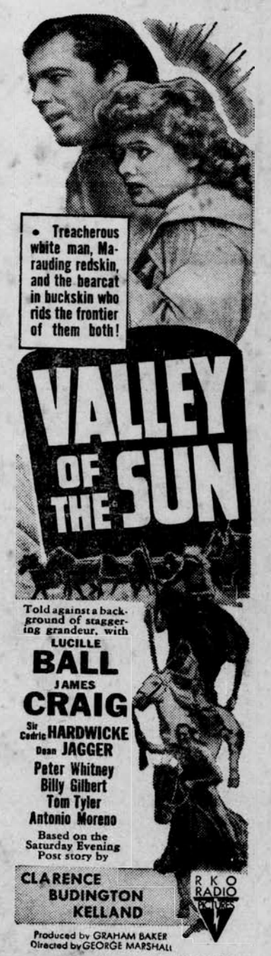
WARNER BROS. NEW SUCCESS with CHARLES COBURN
Claude Rains · Judith Anderson · Nancy Coleman
KAAREN VERNE · MARIA OUSPENSKAYA · HARRY DAVENPORT

REGAL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Sunday: 10-30 a.m.

WHAT'S COOKIN' at EVENING prices


Treacherous white man, Marauding redskin, and the bearcat in buckskin who rids the frontier of them both!
VALLEY OF THE SUN
Told against a background of staggering grandeur, with
LUCILLE BALL
JAMES CRAIG
Sir Cedric HARDWICKE
Dean JAGGER
Peter Whitney
Billy Gilbert
Tom Tyler
Antonio Moreno
Based on the Saturday Evening Post story by
CLARENCE BUDINGTON KELLAND
RKO RADIO PICTURES
Produced by GRAHAM BAKER
Directed by GEORGE MARSHALL
Screen play by Horace McCoy

NEW EMPIRE

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Post Box No. 322. Tel. No. 22037.

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1 Year	Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
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1 Month	Rs. 3-8	Rs. 4-0

(VALUE-PAYABLE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED)
Subscription To Foreign Countries
Rs. 60 per Year
Rs. 30 for 6 Months.
Rs. 15 for 3 Months.
SUNDAY EDITION.

	Local	Mofussil
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Half-yearly	Rs. 5-0	Rs. 5-8
FOREIGN.		
Yearly	.....	Rs. 18
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NATIONAL STUDIOS'

ROTI

Produced and Directed by
MEHBOOB
6th WEEK at
SWASTIK
Daily: 3-45, 6-45 & 10 p.m.
Book Now. Phone: 41561.

4TH WEEK
From Tomorrow!
NAVYUG'S LAUGH-HIT
STATE GUESTS
(Sarkari Pahune)
A 'WINAYAK' PRODUCTION
Starring:
DAMUANNA AND JOG
JOIN THE CROWDS AT
KRISHNA
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.

Gala All-India Premiere

TO-MORROW

At 1-30 p.m.

CIRCO'S NEWEST *after "Tulsi"*

वनमाला

'VANMALA'

'SWASTIK-INDIA Ltd.' Release

Starring
★MAYA BANERJI
★NEELA of "TULSI" Glamour
★PRAVIN KUMAR (New Hero)
★JEEVAN
★GULAM RASUL

Book In Advance **NOVELTY** *'Phone 40106.*

THE CAPITOL

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

ANNA NEAGLE in RKO RADIO'S **'SUNNY'**

Joyful with HAPPY SONGS!

SUNDAY 10-30 A.M. "LUCKY PARTNERS" GINGER ROGERS

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu : Bhadrapad Vad 8, 1998
Muslim : Ramzan 20, 1361
Parsi : Farvardin 28, 1312
Sunrise : 7-31 a.m. Sunset : 7-26 p.m.
Hightide : 4-36, 15-10. Lowtide : 10-48, 22-30

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"What's Cookin" 4, 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"Cottage To Let" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Valley of the Sun" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Basant" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
METRO—"Kings Row" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Nirdosh" 4-30, 7-15 and 10
CAPITOL—"Sunny" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Kunwara Bap" 4-15 7 and 10 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Khan-Daan" 3, 6 and 9
KRISHNA—"State Guests" 3, 6-15 and 9-30
EDWARD—"Khazanchi" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
MINERVA—"Ulti Ganga" 4-30, 7 and 9-30
CENTRAL—"Phir Milenge" 4, 7 and 9-30
SWASTIK—"Roti" 3-45, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
PARADISE—"Lillian Russell" 4, 6-30 and 10
CHITRA—"Kirti" 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PRABHAT—"Secretary" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
AURORA—"North West Mounted Police" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"They Knew What They Wanted" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
NOVELTY—"Jhankar" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Arman" 3, 7-30 and 10
CITY LIGHT—"Ujala" 4-30, 7-15 and 10
IMPERIAL—"Ankh Michowli" 4, 7 and 10
KOHINOOR—"Navardeo" 4-30, 7-15 and 10

Domestic Occurrence

3RD ANNIVERSARY MARRIAGE.
D'PENHA-COELHO, Valerian D'Penha of Empire of India Life Assurance Co. Ltd., Choir Master, Old Kurla, with Miss Molly Eugene, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Coelho, Pensioner, Government Telegraphs.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY OF LATE KESHAV ANANT GHURYE: The tenth anniversary of Mr. Keshav Anant Ghurye falls to-day.

SCHEDULED CLASSES EXEMPTED: The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—All inhabitants belonging to the Scheduled Classes have been exempted from the collective fine imposed on village Shendurni in Jamner Taluka of East Khandesh District.

ENCOURAGE HANDLOOM INDUSTRY: In order to encourage the handloom industry, the Government of Bombay has directed that Government Departments should use as far as possible handloom cloth instead of mill manufactured cloth.

GANDHI JAYANTI CELEBRATIONS: Gandhi Jayanti will be celebrated as customary each year under the auspices of the Bhagini Samaj, to-day (Friday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Bal Mandir Hall at Mathew Road.

CHARKHA SANGH: The Charkha Sangh will celebrate Gandhi Jayanti to-day (Friday), at this Sangh. Members of the Charkha Sangh and others are requested to come for spinning from to-day (Friday) to Thursday (8th instant) at 2 to 3 p.m. daily. Gita Saptaha at 8 a.m. daily by Mr. Mahale.

M. COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 14 will meet near Central Vaccination Station, near Old Parel Tram Terminus, to-morrow (Saturday) at 5-31 a.m. (B. T.) to go round the Ward. Residents who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

White teeth and healthy gums with
THE Mira
Shorthead
TOOTH BRUSH
It isn't only the front of your teeth that needs cleaning—decay often starts unseen at the back. The "Mira" short-head toothbrush is specially shaped to reach and clean every tiny crevice, front and back! Here is the right brush at the right price—strong, enduring, and made of pure, selected bristles. Ideal for gum massage and efficient teeth cleaning.
Look for the box with the blue band
BRITISH MADE

INSURANCE INVESTMENTS

Position Of Comma In New Act Makes No Difference, Says High Court Decision

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Kania)

The Superintendent of Insurance ... Plaintiff
Versus
The Navabharat Insurance Co. Ltd. ... Defendants.

This was a special case submitted to the High Court by agreement of parties for its opinion as to the true construction of Section 27(1) of the Indian Insurance Act, 1938. Section 27 (1) runs as follows:—

"Every insurer shall—at all times invest and hold invested assets equivalent to not less than fifty-five per cent of the sum of the amount of his liabilities to holders of life insurance policies in India on account of matured claims and the amount required to meet the liability on policies of life insurance maturing for payment in India less the amount of any deposit made under Section 7 or Section 93 by the insurer in respect of his life insurance business and less any amount due to the insurer for loans granted by him on policies of life-insurance maturing for payment in India and within their surrender values ..... in Government Securities ..... or other approved securities .....

The question before the Court was—at what stage were the deposit and loans to be deducted in computing 55 per cent of the sum of the amount of the insurance company's liability to holders of life-policies?

The total amount of the defendant company's liabilities both on matured as well as on maturing claims on 30th June, 1941, was Rs. 2,82,551-4-4. The deposit kept by the defendant company with the Reserve Bank under Section 7 was Rs. 1,34,159-6-0, and the loans granted by the company on life policies within their surrender value came to Rs. 17,221-6-0.

On behalf of the plaintiff, it was contended that the defendant company must under Section 27(1) invest and hold invested in Government and in approved securities 55 per cent of (Rs. 2,82,551-4-4 minus Rs. 1,34,159-6-0 minus Rs. 17,221-6-0) equals approximately Rs. 72,144-0-0. On behalf of the defendant company it was argued that this was not the true construction of Section 27(1) which was punctuated by a comma before the word "less" and after the word "India", and that the amount required by that Section to be invested in Government and in approved securities was 55 per cent of Rs. 2,82,551-4-4, and from the amount thus arrived at Rs. 1,34,159-6-0 as well as Rs. 17,221-6-0 were to be deducted afterwards. According to this interpretation of the Section the defendant company was bound to invest Rs. 2,200-0-0 only in approved and in Government securities. Under Section 27(1) one-half of the amount under Section 27(1) was to be invested in authorized securities before two years from the commencement of the Act.

POSITION OF COMMA NO DIFFERENCE

Their Lordships rejected the contention of the defendant company and accepted the construction placed by the plaintiff on Section 27(1). Their Lordships were of the opinion that according to the construction sought to be put on Section 27(1) by the defendant company, the use of the words "the amount of" throughout Section 27(1) would be superfluous. Moreover their Lordships were of the opinion that the plaintiff's interpretation of the Section was the natural one because it contained no provision for credit having to be given either for the deposit or for the loan, and felt that sub-section (2) of Section 27 lent support to this construction. Their Lordships observed that in this case the situation of the comma made no difference to the construction. Their Lordships therefore held that on a true interpretation of Section 27(1) the defendant company was bound to invest Rs. 36,072-0-0 (being half of Rs. 72,144-0-0) in authorized securities before two years from the commencement of the Act. Their Lordships ordered the taxed costs of the defendant company not exceeding Rs. 2,000 to be paid by the plaintiff as agreed between the parties.

Mr. M. C. Setalvad and the Advocate-General Mr. N. P. Engineer instructed by the Solicitor to the Central Government at Bombay appeared for the plaintiff.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga and Mr. R. J. Kolah instructed by Messrs. Amarchand and Mangaldas appeared for the defendant company.

Rovers Cup

'Times Of India' Beat Royal Navy

The contest between the "The Times of India" and the Royal Navy in the Rovers Cup Football Tournament on Thursday evening at the Cooperage, was of a colourless variety. Neither side rose to a high degree of capital play. The Pressmen succeeded in gaining the verdict by the odd goal in three. All the goals were registered in the second half.

There will be no match to-day.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: There will be a meeting of the Group at Green's to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Lt.-Col. S. S. Sokhey, Director, Haffkine Institute, will speak on "Drying Blood from the Frozen State". Lt.-Col. Sokhey has invented a special apparatus which he has just completed and whose uses and advantages he will be explaining at the meeting.

FREE FIRST-AID CLASS IN FORT: Mr. D. S. Bharucha will start one First-Aid Class in the Police Club, Esplanade Police Court compound, Fort, at 5 p.m. from to-day (Friday). All those wishing to join same are requested to be present there. No fees will be charged. Lectures will be delivered by the help of charts, skeleton bones, etc.

SOCIETY OF RETIRED PARSI OFFICERS: Under the auspices of the Society of Retired Parsi Officers, a public meeting will be held in Noble Chambers, 4th floor, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. when lectures will be delivered on "Technical Careers for Young Men".

Mr. Muncherji N. Joshi, Retired Municipal Engineer, will preside.

MEHERGAN FESTIVAL: Mehergan festival will be observed to-day (Friday) at Petit Fasali Atash-Kadeh, New Marine Lines. Jashan ceremony will be performed at 5-30 p.m. (N.S.T.) and at 6-30 p.m. (N.S.T.). Dastur Framroze A. Bode will give a lecture on "Grave necessity of explaining the Zoroastrian Religion, in its pristine pure teaching."

CORONER'S JURY DEMAND EVIDENCE OF MAGISTRATE

At Inquest On Bodies Of 4 Persons Killed

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Inquest was held to-day by the City Coroner on the bodies of four persons, Oderaj Jayantrai (35) who died on the spot and was picked up lying at Thakurdwar on August 10 at about 12 noon and three others (who died later in G. T. Hospital) Keshavji Jethalal Bhopatkar (20), Govind Swami Naidoo (35) and Balkoo Krishna, as a result of military and police firing at Bhuleshwar on August 10.

The Coroner was asked whether the police officers were empowered to open fire indiscriminately without the orders of the higher authorities.

The Coroner replied that police could open fire without any order from the authorities. But the Military required an order of the Magistrate to open fire. Since the Military also opened fire in this connection simultaneously with the police, the Coroner's Jury wanted the Magistrate to be present and the hearing was adjourned till October 13.

Convicted For Holding Congress Meeting

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Kanyalal Gula, who was arrested in connection with the holding of a Congress Meeting at Shivaji Park was convicted to undergo 6 months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. M. A. F Coelho.

Prior to his conviction, he shouted Congress slogans. The Magistrate took serious notice of it and warned the accused.

CASE AGAINST STUDENT

Shanshiklal Nagdas, a student, was arrested under the Defence of India rules for participating in an unlawful assembly.

About 75 to 100 persons were collected at Dadar on August 10. He was going for an employment in the Desai stores at about 10 a. m. He was put under arrest by the Superintendent and his application papers were seized.

The Magistrate observed that the accused should have been given a warning before arrest.

The case is postponed to October 10.

A business man who was arrested under the Defence of India rules was put up to-day before the Magistrate. The accused said, he did not want to be released on bail. The Magistrate observed that he was not offering bail to any one. But since he was suffering from heart trouble, he offered him bail till October 15.

Business Bodies Plump For Gandhi Jayanti

KARACHI, October 1.

Fifteen commercial organisations including the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association, the Buyers' and Shippers' Chamber the Karachi Cotton Association, the Commission Merchants' Association and the Piece-goods Merchants' Association have decided to celebrate Mahatma Gandhi's seventy-fifth birthday.

The ceremony will take place at Sharda Mandir on Friday with Mr. Jamshed Nusserwanji Mehta in the Chair.—A. P.

Working Class Cost-Of-Living Index

During the month ended September 15, 1942, the working class cost of living index number for Bombay with the average prices for the year ended June, 1934, equal to 100, was 170—two points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by two points to 199.

In August, 1942, the working class cost of living index number for Ahmedabad, with the average prices for the year ended July, 1927, equal to 100, was 123—six points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by nine points to 123.

In August, 1942, the working class cost of living index number for Sholapur, with the average prices for the year ended January, 1928, equal to 100, was 115—three points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by four points to 108.

In the same month the working class cost of living index number for Jalgaon, with the average prices for August, 1939, equal to 100, was 190.

Under Rule 5 of the Provident Fund Rules for teachers in Non-Government Secondary Schools for Girls, the Government of Bombay has delegated its power of control of the fund to the Educational Inspectresses, Bombay and Central Divisions.

The All India Muslim Students' Conference will hold its annual session in Jullundur this year. Mr. Jinnah will preside.—Orient Press

EXPLOSION IN DUST-BIN NEAR DADAR RLY. STATION

Empty Battery Cells Found Containing Explosive Chemicals

BOMBAY, Thursday.

There was a minor explosion near the G. I. P. Railway, Dadar Station, last night.

Due to sultry weather, a large number of people were found in the galleries and on the roads; quiet had reigned over the whole locality when at 10-45 p.m. a dust-bin near the office of the Prohibition Department caught fire, following an explosion. Officials of the department ran to the spot, followed by other police officials.

The fire was immediately put out and it was found that one of the three battery cells wrapped in a bag had burst. The empty cells were found filled with explosive chemicals.

No one was injured. The battery cells are now being examined by the Inspector of Explosives.

Police are investigating.

Another packet containing certain chemicals was found in the Sydenham College, to-day.

Nine students were arrested under Defence of India Rules by the Kingsway Police this afternoon. These students were loitering near the Ruia College at Matunga.

17 persons were rounded up by the police last night from Hindu Colony and other localities at Dadar.

EDITORS' CONFERENCE PROGRAMME

BOMBAY, Oct. 1.

The All-India Newspapers Editors' Conference is meeting on Monday October 5 in Jiwanji Modi Memorial Hall of the Cama Oriental Institute, Apollo Street.

The President of the Conference Mr. K. Srinivasan is arriving in Bombay on Friday by the Madras Express.

The Standing Committee of the Conference will commence its sittings on Saturday October 3. Enrolment to the Reception Committee will cease on Saturday.—A. P.

FIRE-WATCHING IN CITY

The Municipal Corporation approved of the proposal of the Municipal Commissioner on Thursday for the appointment of certain Municipal officials for the Fire Watching Service which will be treated as Government service.

It provides for fire watchers, ward, circle and street committees and an executive staff. Fire watchers and stirrup pump parties are proposed to be organized in such a manner that they will cover every portion of the City. As only a limited area is visible from any one fire-watching point, however high it may be (a building serves as a point), a very large number of persons will be required to do fire-watching effectively. Experience has shown that normally not more than 50 yards of street or approximately about 6 houses can be covered from any one point and it would therefore be necessary to select about 10,000 points to cover the whole City. These points will have to be manned for all the 24 hours and about 1,50,000 volunteers will be required for this purpose. Steps have been taken to organize a skeleton staff consisting of Chief Fire Warden and a number of Fire Wardens and clerical establishment for putting the scheme into operation. Besides the paid staff it is proposed to form committees which will serve as a link between the people and the Joint Civil Defence Committee.

Dr. J. A. Collaco presided.

CASUALTY OFFICER

The Joint Civil Defence Committee have appointed Capt. R. E. Dadachanji, Assistant Dean of K. E. M. Hospital, as Casualty Officer of A.R.P. This post carried a salary of Rs. 1,200 p.m. Capt. Dadachanji has resigned his office as Assistant Dean of K. E. M. Hospital.

Nasik Art Treasures Exhibition

The second annual Art Exhibition under the auspices of the Nasik Art Treasures with a view to purchase some pictures for the Nasik Art Gallery will be opened by Mr. V. P. Karmarkar, F.R.S.A., the well-known Sculptor on the 11th instant, and will last for a fortnight.

There is no entrance-fee, but one rupee will be charged per exhibitor to cover incidental charges. Arrangements to receive pictures from the local artists have been made at the premises of the Art Society of India, Sandhurst Road, Sandhurst House, opposite Royal Opera House, and exhibits (even unframed and unmounted as a special war-time concession) will be accepted at the above address on Sunday and Monday, the 4th and 5th of October respectively, between 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.

Exhibits for the All-India Exhibition of Photography to be held with the same at Nasik will also be received on similar conditions. Though the Exhibition terminates on the 25th October, the N. A. T. proposes to keep the show open for the duration of the Literary Conference which will be held at Nasik at the end of this month.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 1.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches, recorded at 8 hours on 27-9-42:—

Allahabad 92 73 nil; Bombay 87 79 nil; Calcutta 86 76 0.2; Cawnpore 90 69 nil; Cuttack 83 76 0.7; Darjeeling 67 53 nil; Delhi 89 65 nil; Dehra Dun 83 61 nil; Jacobabad 97 76 nil; Karachi 87 76 nil; Lahore 89 65 nil; Lucknow 92 69 nil; Madras 94 75 nil; Nagpur 91 72 nil; Patna 91 80 nil; Peshawar 89 66 nil; Shillong 73 59 nil; Simla 65 53 nil.—A.P.

China-Sinkiang Route Guarded

PESHAWAR, Sept. 30.

According to reports from Sinkiang a large body of Chinese Muslim cavalrymen have reached the Tsaidam basin from their garrison posts in Kansu province, and are now engaged in reclaiming land and guarding the great Chinese north-west road linking China with Sinkiang.

It is stated that these Muslim cavalrymen had for ten years garrisoned the long strip of land west of the Yellow river in Kansu. Besides brigades of horsemen sent to the Shensi and Honan fronts, the Muslim fighters' great contribution to China's cause was the construction of the 1171-kilometer Kansu-Sinkiang highway in winter months of 1938. The road is now a well-paved trunk line through the wide span of the Black Gobi.—A. P.

ON THE AIR

FRIDAY, October 2.

Delhi I—Programme.

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Kailan Qawwal and party. 5-15 Gaunar Suitan. 5-30 M. Siddiq. 5-45 Aparna Roy. 6 Bibe Khan 6-45 Gaunar Suitan: 7 The Indian Panorama. 7-15 Kailan Qawwal and party. 7-30 Recent and reagable. 7-45 For villagers. 8-30 Bibe Khan. 8-45 Aparna Roy. 8-55 Jawabi Hamla. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-40 Listening post. 9-45 World affairs: 10 Quartet in E minor, op. 59. 10-30 Eileen Joyce:

Bombay I—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Sarod recital. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Bismil Qawwal and party 8-40 Ponnus Swami: 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Gujarati duets. 9-20 Kusum Kotnare: 9-25 M. L. Khan Adeel: 9-35 Bhanu A. Charankar. 9-50 Air trio:

12-30 p.m. Naats. 12-45 News in Hindustani. 12-50 News in Marathi. 12-55 News in Gujarati. 1 Marathi songs. 1-30 News in English. 1-40 Lunch-hour music. 4-20 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow 5-5 Yeshwant Lolekar. 5-25 Kusum Kothare: 5-35 M. L. Khan Adeel 5-45 Bhanu A. Charankar. 5-55 Local news and announcements. 6 Children's half-hour. 6-30 News in English. 6-40 News in Hindustani. 6-45 News commentary. (Gujarati). 6-50 M. L. Khan Adeel: 7 Blood, toil, tears and sweat. 7-15 Chandrabai Jambolkar. 7-45 News in Marathi. 7-55 News in Gujarati. 8-5 Bhanu A. Charankar 8-15 Mixed melodies. 8-30 F.A.B. films. 8-45 Messages from troops in the Middle East. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary (Hindustani). 9-20 News in English 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Yeshwant Lolekar: 10 Prayaschitta: 10-15 Chandra Bai Jambolkar.

Bombay II—Programme

49.3 metres (6,085 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Three bhavgeets. 8-15 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Chandra Bai Jambolkar. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-30 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 4-20 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Bismil Qawwal and party. 8 string music: 8-5 to 8-15 As in Bombay 1. 8-15 Interval.

51.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air orchestra 9-10 Yeshwant Lolekar: 9-20 Bismil Qawwal and party. 9-30 Grace Becourt. 9-40 Frederic Lamond: 10 Band concert.

DELHI ASSURANCE TO CEYLON

NEW DELHI, Oct. 1.

Sir Baron Jayatilaka, the Ceylon Minister, left Delhi to-day after discussions with the Commerce Department of the Government of India regarding supplies of rice to Ceylon. It is understood that the Commerce Department have assured him that whatever is possible will be done to help Ceylon in the matter.—A. P.

Alma Latifi To Adjudicate Eyres And Co. Dispute

Mr. Alma Latifi, I.C.S. (Retired) has been appointed as adjudicator of the trade disputes between Messrs. E. Eyres and Company, Bombay and its employees.

SIND RELIEF FUND

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI. (By Mail).

The Sind Relief Fund Committee has collected so far Rs. 17,658-3-0.

GOLDEN CHANCES

Before purchasing New Gold and its ornaments elsewhere it will be to your best advantage to send for Agency terms of our fancy ornaments absolutely free. Those persons who wish to get one necklace, one pair bangles, one pair ear ring, two Bombay fashion fancy rings should send -/8/- stamps or by M.O to cover postage and packing charges.

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The General Commercial Agency
(B C B)
Batala (Punjab), N. W. Rly.

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Dr. M. A. BUX

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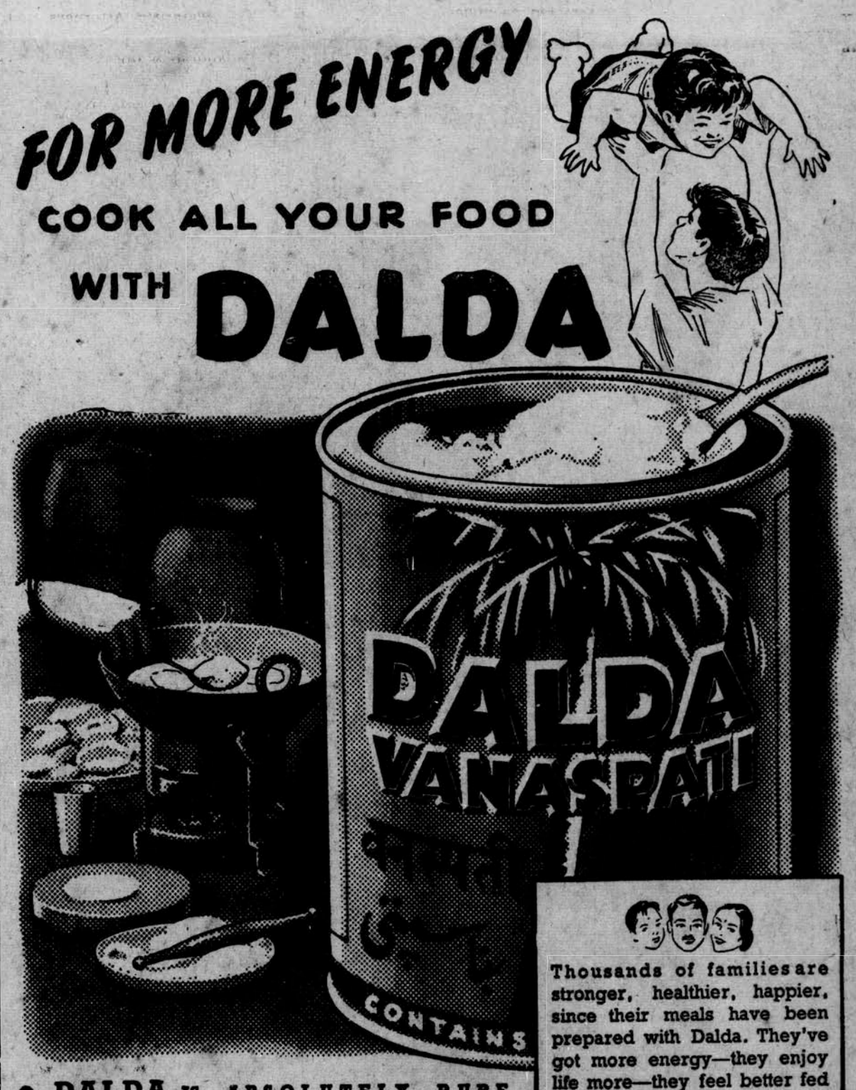
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The Bombay Chronicle

A CHANGED TUNE

Commentators have rightly remarked upon the vastly different nature of Herr Hitler's Winter Help speech the other day from that of last years. A year ago he was as usual boastful and over-confident. On Wednesday last he was unusually sober and almost apologetic. This is certainly a change of great significance. And the tone of his harangue is not calculated to cheer the Home Front. Even as late as October of 1941, the German people, promised an earlier smashing victory over the Russians, were led to hope that the approaching winter was the last and that 1942 would see the end of their sufferings. In 1942 these sufferings increased instead. Russia has exacted a tremendous toll in German man-power and resources. And from the west, the Fuhrer's people and war factories have been subjected to air raids more terrible in weight and scale than any German ever imagined. And he knows that he is in for more. To a people suffering from increasing misery and disappointed hopes, all the consolation that their Fuhrer could bring was not victory but better conditions in the winter of Russia, not the defeat of the R. A. F. but a vague promise of some sort of retaliation—presumably a succession of Baedecker raids with damage to be inflicted upon Britain mainly by Doctor Goebbels. The Home Front would not be cheered by last Wednesday's speech.

A Note Of Warning

But have the United Nations cause to feel cheered? It is quite an event in this war that Herr Hitler should speak without making any fantastic claims for the future but rather defensively. His conqueror's ambitions have become strikingly modest. He is making preparations to defeat any invasion of Europe but does not challenge the Allies to invade. In the east, he appears to realise that he can do no more than take and hold the Volga line and virtually to admit that he can neither "annihilate" the Russian army nor capture the Caucasus. It is an acknowledgment that Russia and the winter have defeated him again. But while all this is quite heartening, it also contains a serious note of warning to the United Nations.

Wanted Big Things

Herr Hitler is a case of a man who having been once bitten is twice careful. The last winter came as a complete surprise and caught him absolutely unprepared. But it is a great tribute to the resourcefulness and organising abilities of Germans that they improvised plans and saved themselves from fatal disaster. Profiting by last year's bitter experience and his people's qualities he is well prepared for the winter this year. His hopes of further conquests in Russia may have been smashed but there is complete truth in his assurance that this time neither his front nor his rear in Russia is to experience the former difficulties. Compared with 1941 he is better prepared and protected in 1942 and, therefore, more dangerous. It is, on the other hand, even more true that with Russia still in the field and her Allies having rapidly increased their strength the United Nations are far more powerful to-day than ever before, that they are now far more dangerous to Herr Hitler than he and his friends are to them. This position of relative superiority, however, is of little use unless the United Nations start big things within the next three months while the Fuhrer is busy with the business of existing through the winter.

Suspicious Activities

So widespread is the suspicion in the country against the activities of the United Kingdom Commercial Corporation in the Indian market that the Government of India wisely decided to accept Mr. P. N. Sapru's resolution in the Council of State inviting the attention of the Governor-General-in-Council "to the wide-spread apprehensions among the commercial community in India at the growing monopolist activities of the Corporation in India and elsewhere so far as the export and import trade of this country is concerned and recommending to him to take all proper steps to allay these apprehensions with all convenient speed." Sir Allan Lloyd, the commerce Secretary, would accept the resolution only with the addition of the word "alleged" to qualify the "monopolist activities" of the Corporation and Mr. Sapru had no reason to object to the word so long as the House was promised a full explanation about the work of this mysterious body. Sir Allan's explanation in the House was hardly satisfactory but he has given an assurance that he would send a detailed reply to the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce in reply to the latter's resolution on this very subject, and that Government have no objection to the reply being published

For the present the Commerce Secretary's defence is that the Corporation is practically a department of the British Government, that it is only a temporary, non-profit-making war time concern to ensure supplies to the Middle East countries, that it has received certain facilities only with regard to war supplies, and that the Government of India are taking care that the Corporation's activities do not "unduly interfere with Indian trade." That the Corporation is virtually a department of the British Government is no consolation to India, as it only means the greater inability of the "subordinate branch" of that Government to resist its demands. It may be a temporary organisation but its privileged position in the trade with the Middle East is not only a handicap to the Indian traders but may also ruin in a few years the contacts which the Indians have laboriously built up in those countries during the last many years. The crucial question is why a body exporting Indian produce is not purely or predominantly Indian, working in co-operation with the Indian business community. No answer has been given to this question either in the Council of State or the Assembly.

The attitude of Britain towards India even in matters economic completely falsifies Mr. Amery's claim that there is no partnership "exacting so little from members which in the long run can give so much in return." The whole history of British rule in India exposes the hollowness of this claim even in the economic sphere. It was the wealth of India that attracted so many western countries to her. And now an average Indian's income is barely six rupees per month. Indians, therefore, cannot but view with suspicion Mr. Amery's post-war picture of India remaining in association with Britain in order to retain the defensive and economic advantages the former is supposed to enjoy now. "By far the best policy for India", he says, "during the period before she can afford to stand alone is to continue her association with the free partnership of the British Commonwealth." We can quite understand the wishes of Mr. Amery and other imperialists who have been promising these many generations to make India free as soon as she is able to stand on her own legs but have done everything possible to prevent that stage being reached either in matters of defence or industrialisation. However, India knows best what is good for her and will make her choice. She now wants freedom to make a free choice and will have it with or without British help.

Allied War Production

The other day it was reported from America that the joint production of aircraft by the U.S.A. and Britain now exceeded the joint output of the Axis and Japan by twenty-five per cent. This is not altogether a gratifying progress. Mr. Donald Nelson has, however, given the cheering promise that American war production—and it includes aircraft, too—in 1942 is going to exceed by a considerable margin that of the Axis in Europe. This does not take into account Japanese production on the debit side and on the credit side war production by the British Empire and Russia, let alone China and south America. The balance for 1942 will, therefore, be far more in favour of the United Nations, almost in the proportion of 2 to 1. But does not this prospect justify the beginning of general offensive operations now instead of in 1943, particularly in view of the undoubted fact that the tide in the battle of shipping is already definitely turning?

Frankly Speaking

Noteworthy Omission

Unless Reuter's summary as sent to this country is badly at fault, there is one omission in Herr Hitler's speech which is particularly noteworthy. Field Marshal Rommel was prominently present at the Sports Palast and was ostentatiously honoured by the Fuhrer with a hand shake. But there is no mention in the speech of the war in north Africa. Since the Fuhrer spoke in April last, big and triumphant things have been achieved by the Nazis in that theatre of war. Why did he ignore them? The only possible answer is that events after Rommel's dash to El Alamein have disappointed the fondest hopes of the Axis and that the failure of his last offensive has raised serious doubts as to the future of the campaign. But Rommel's presence in Berlin away from his headquarters and the honour bestowed upon him by the Fuhrer constitute a gesture of defiant challenge to the British. There are no signs yet that the latter are going to take it up.

Jayanti Celebrations

We trust Government will permit peaceful celebrations and demonstrations in connection with Gandhi Jayanti. Gandhi Jayanti has always been an occasion for rejoicing, for men like Gandhiji are born but once in several centuries. It is the proudest boast of an Indian that Gandhiji is his countryman. To-day when he is in prison, there may not seem to be room for rejoicing. But the whole of India is a prison till she is free and we must rejoice at the thought that we are nearing our freedom. Gandhiji taught us non-violent resistance to bondage and Congress is pledged to achieve Swaraj only through non-violence. It, therefore, behoves Congressmen to strive with all their might and main to preserve the atmosphere of non-violence.

War Correspondents

Are war correspondents making any substantial contribution to the war, is a question that is often asked. Likewise it is thought that a war correspondent faces no no real danger to his life. But an article from Alaric Jacobs, the 'Daily Express' correspondent in the Middle East, shows how wrong is that impression. Already in the Middle East, Jacobs, reveals, thirty correspondents have now been listed as killed, missing or prisoners of war. This news comes along with the news of an India Captain, who is an army observer in the Middle East, getting the Military Cross. It proves beyond any doubt that it is fallacy to believe that war correspondents merely sit comfortably at the base and thud their typewriters with news which is second-hand. Among the thirty mentioned in the Toll of the News is Col. Desmond Young, who is reported as a prisoner of war.

Disillusioned

Says "Bombay Information" for September 26: "Disgusted with Japanese "friendship," disillusioned by Axis "promises," prominent Burmans, formerly notorious for their anti-British attitude, are now risking death by escaping from Burma in order to hand themselves over to the British military authorities in India." This only shows how demoralising is subjection to every alien rule and how unsafe it is for any people to rely unduly on others for their freedom.

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS JAILED FOR REFUSAL TO WORK

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS IN PROVINCES

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 1.

Eight officers of the superseded Ahmedabad Municipality, who were tried under the Essential Services (Maintenance) Ordinance on the charge of refusing to work, were sentenced to-day to six months' R. I. each and a fine of Rs. 250, in default three months' further R. I.

JUDGMENT

In the course of his judgment the City Magistrate observed:

"The accused were important officers of the Municipality and they had set a very bad example to the members of the staff and to the employees of the Municipality generally. They joined the concerted efforts of most of the heads of departments to paralyse the administration by striking work and therefore deserve exemplary punishment to set a lesson to others. If a Municipality is to function properly, all the limbs should function together and in co-ordination. A Municipality is a body which renders most essential services to the community in different directions. If the members of the staff struck work, the life of the community would be seriously endangered. The application of the Essential Services (Maintenance) Ordinance to the Municipality is perfectly valid. The Ordinance is still in force by virtue of the India (Emergency Provisions) Act of 1940.

SUPERSESSION PERIOD INDEFINITE

The District Magistrate has issued the following Press Note:—

"As there is some misunderstanding regarding the period of supersession of the Ahmedabad Municipality, I have been directed by Government to state that the period of six months was adopted in the hope that within that period those members of the Municipality, who lent their support to a subversive movement aiming at sabotage of the war effort by producing anarchy in the country, would see the unwisdom of their action. I am further to point out that Government has no intention of restoring the Municipality to the control of a body which is likely to persist in such a policy or to victimise employees who remain at their duty, and that supersession will be continued as long as necessary."

ATTACK ON POLICE PARTY

Two processions were taken out to-day, and were dispersed by the police.

A small police party was attacked by a crowd in Sankadi Sheri but it was quickly rescued and the crowd was dispersed. Several arrests were made.

One youth was tried to-day on the charge of attempting to set fire to a second class coach on the Ahmedabad Railway station and sentenced to nine months' R I. and a fine of Rs. 200 in default three months' further R. I.

ATTACK ON POST OFFICE

The Post Office at Kankaria is reported to have been attacked and the contents damaged. Attempt to set fire to letter box in Kalupur is also reported.—A. P.

CONGRESS WORKER JAILED

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 30.

One Congress worker was tried to-day on the charge of taking part in an unlawful demonstration and sentenced to one month's R. I. and fine of Rs. 100 in default further one month's R. I.—A. P.

Two Processions Dispersed

AHMEDABAD, October 1.

A small party of policemen was assaulted this afternoon at Sanddisheri. Further help arrived soon and the crowd was dispersed after several arrests had been made.

Two processions were also dispersed today.—United Press.

SEVERAL ARRESTS FOR PROCESSION

SURAT, Oct. 1.

Mr. Dhirubhai Desai was arrested at Navsari for taking out a procession. Mr. Ratanji Dahyabhai of the village Masma was arrested for attempting to lead a procession.

Mr. Vithalji Narayanji of the village of Shahu of Jalalpur Taluk was arrested under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Ramniklal Vyas and Shreemat. Pushpabai Vyas have resigned the membership of the Valod Gram Panchayat.

SEARCH FOR "BHAVANA" COPIES

Following the prohibition of the publication, sale or distribution of the "Bhavana", a Gujarati monthly, the Gandiv Sahitya Mandir where the monthly used to be printed was searched by the police. Several files and old copies of the monthly were seized.—United Press.

In Karnatak

Attempt To Set Fire To High School

HUBLI, Sept. 30.

For the demolition of culverts about 15 persons have been arrested and brought to Siddapur for trial. In all 30 persons have been arrested for this offence. So far, the total number of persons arrested and convicted in Siddapur in connection with the recent disturbances is eighty.

Two students were arrested yesterday for attempting to set fire to the Lamongton High School.

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED SABOTAGE

Three persons at Hebsbur and two at Kusugal were arrested yesterday for alleged participation in recent acts of sabotage. Proclamations calling upon them to surrender to the police immediately have been issued against five persons in connection with recent acts of sabotage.

BELGAUM LADY DOCTOR CONVICTED

DHARWAR: Dr. Miss Indira Narayan Rao Lokhande was fined Rs. 100, in default, three months' imprisonment on a charge of picketing schools and colleges. One boy was sentenced to six months' imprisonment on a charge of having distributed objectionable leaflets.

Members of the Gram Panchayat of Hudli in Belgaum District are understood to have resigned their offices.—A. P.

BANGALORE BAN EXTENDED

BANGALORE, September 30.

The Collector and District Magistrate, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, has extended the order banning meetings, processions, etc., in the station area in connection with the mass movement sanctioned by the All-India Congress Committee which expires today for a further period of one month.—A. P.

Mr. K. B. Dundur Arrested

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, (By Mail).

Mr. K. B. Dundur of Hubli against whom Warrant under Section 26 of the Defence of India Rules was pending, was arrested on 28th in a village in Ron Taluka of Dharwar District and was taken to Dharwar.

Last evening at about 6-30 an attempt was made to set fire to the local Municipal High School. Two desks were slightly damaged. The fire was immediately brought under control by the Municipal fire fighters. Three students have been arrested in this connection.

Two Lathi Charges On Talikot Students

HUBLI, Sept. 30

Two Congres workers were arrested in Talikot in Bijapur district under the Defence of India Rules. The students thereupon gathered and began to shout Congress slogans but the police dispersed the crowd by a mild lathi charge. The students, however, again gathered, went to the police Thana and hoisted a National Flag near the Sub-Inspectors Office, shouting slogans. Police had to use lathis again to disperse them in which some students were injured. Two persons have been arrested in this connection.—A. P.

In Maharashtra

Attempt To Set Fire To Two School Buildings

POONA, Oct. 1.

Attempts to set fire to two school buildings at Karad, namely the Maharashtra High School and the Tilak High School buildings are reported to have been made by some unknown persons. But the fires at both the places were put out before any damage could be done to the school buildings.—A. P.

Two Women Jailed At Saswad

POONA, Oct. 1.

Two women were sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment each on charge of distributing unauthorised leaflets at Saswad, while two other women were sentenced to two months' simple each for being in possession of unauthorised bulletins.

Four persons were sentenced at Bharamati to two months' R. I. each on charge of taking out a procession while a third man was awarded five months' sentence for the same offence.

Four persons from Vadgaon (Nimbalker) in Bhimathadi Taluka were sentenced to six months' R. I. each for taking out a "Prabhat Pheri."—A. P.

CONGRESS CITY FATHERS RESIGN

NASIK, Oct. 1.

Some more Congress Councillors of the Nasik Municipality have resigned their membership.

The Nasik Municipality by a resolution has agreed to accept the conditions laid down by the Bombay Government that it would hold in abeyance the suppression of the Nasik Municipality for one year on condition that it agreed to hand over to Government its water works, the water works improvement scheme and that the Municipality undertook to improve its finances in a year.—A. P.

TWO MORE BOMB EXPLOSIONS IN SHOLAPUR

SHOLAPUR, Oct. 1.

Following eight bomb explosions in different localities in the city during Sunday and Monday, two more explosions occurred on Tuesday, thus bringing the total number of bomb explosions during Sunday, Monday and Tuesday to ten.

One person was killed and about ten persons including one woman have been injured as a result of these explosions. The police took possession of an unexploded bomb from the premises of Narsinggirji Mills on Tuesday.—A. P.

In C. P.

Sewagram Ashram Manager Arrested

WARDHAGANJ, Oct. 1.

The manager of the Sewagram Ashram and two persons connected with the Tannery and Khadi Bhandar shops have been arrested for detention. Police searches for tracing the sources of Congress bulletins are continuing.—A.P.

In Sind

"C. And M. GAZETTE" CORRESPONDENT ARRESTED

KARACHI, Oct. 1.

The convener of the Baluchistan Press Advisory Committee, Quetta who is also the local correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette", Lahore and of the "Hindu", was arrested here last night as a security prisoner.—United Press.

M.L.A. ON PAROLE FOR SON'S FUNERAL

KARACHI, Oct. 1

Lala Meghraj (Congress M.L.A.) was released yesterday on parole for 12 days to enable him to attend the funeral of his only son who died recently, says a report from Sukkur.

ARRESTED FOR SELLING FLAGS

Three students of the Model High School, Sukkur, were arrested for selling Congress flags. As a protest against this, boys and girls of schools in Sukkur absented themselves from their classes. The schools therefore remained closed. Batches of students started selling Congress flags in bazars this morning when ten more students were arrested.

Monk Arrested Under D. I. R.

KARACHI, Sept. 30.

A monk named Bawa Chetangir has been arrested by the police under the Defence of India Rules.

Wearing saffron-coloured robes, he is alleged to have been noticed by the police moving in a suspicious manner and his movements were watched. Following his arrest he was produced before a Magistrate and remanded to custody on the charge of engaging in activities prejudicial to the efficient prosecution of the war.

A sentence of six months' imprisonment was passed on the Secretary of the Ranchore Ward Congress Committee on the charge of being a member of an unlawful Assembly.—A. P.

In Bengal

Three-Day Ban On Publication Of "Navayug"

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

The Government of Bengal have it is understood, issued an order under the Defence of India Rules on the printer and publisher of 'Navayug" a Bengali daily of which the Hon'ble Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal is the patron, directing them to suspend publication of the paper for three days from the date of service of the order.

The order, it is stated, relates to the publication in a recent issue of the paper a report on the findings of the tribunal appointed by the Government of Bengal to examine the cases of political Security Prisoners in the Province.—A. P.

BENGAL M.L.A. JAILED

CALCUTTA, September 30.

Mr. Radhanath Das, M.L.A., who was arrested at Serampore on

(Continued on page 5)

Our Readers' Views

Ambulances & Disturbances

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—We have seen the Government Press Note stating that there was no truth in the rumours that A.R.P. ambulances were not available during the recent disturbances in Bombay. We do not know whether the Note applied specifically to A.R.P. ambulances, but we would like to bring the following facts to the notice of the public regarding the St. John's Ambulance Brigade.

On the 10th August 1942, Dr. Shah of Dadar was desperately in need of ambulances as casualties in the disturbed Dadar-Matunga area had reached a high figure and although the area was under military control no attempt had been made to remove the injured or the dead. Ambulances belonging to the Parsi division, the Swastik League and the Municipality eventually arrived, but they were extremely inadequate. Dr. Shah finally asked us to do something urgently, and one of us approached the St. John's Ambulance Brigade for a few ambulances, only to be told that they were under military control and no steps could be taken without their authority. We even approached Major General Candy, the head of the St. John's Ambulance Brigade, but here also we could get no help. He stated that these ambulances could only be released if the police requested him to do so, when he would approach the military, but up to 5 p.m. of that day he had not heard of any serious trouble in that particular area.

We understand that the St John's Ambulance Brigade have thirty ambulances—mainly donated by the citizens of Bombay—we presume, to render help whenever and wherever required. Moreover, St. John's constituted as it is, as a purely humanitarian organisation, should have considered it its main duty to go out to the help of the injured when called upon to do so. We would therefore like to know if all the thirty ambulances were in use throughout the day on military work and so could not be spared.

We have both been trained for First Aid work through the St. John's Ambulance organisation and one of us has joined a newly formed division so as to be ready for service in times of need, but we wonder now what would be the nature of their humane acts in a crisis.—Yours, etc.

KRISHNA HUTHEESING (Mrs.)
SOONA BATLIWALA (Miss).

Gandhiji's Birthday

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—It is proposed that Indians should celebrate 2nd October in a suitable manner as that is the day of the birth of Mr. Gandhi. To celebrate the anniversary of birth and death of a national leader is not only good but is the duty of a nation.

How should India celebrate the anniversary of the birth of Mr. Gandhi? What should be the programme of the celebrations? The answer is simple. It is stated that Truth, Ahimsa, Rural uplift, and constructive programme for the uplift of the masses are nearest and dearest to the heart of Mr. Gandhi. Well then we as Indians and Asiatics should observe the day in the way in which our elders used to do. Let all Indians observe that day in solemn prayers to the Creator of the Universe to return Peace, Prosperity, Brotherly love, to the erring human beings, strength to fight the enemies of humanity patience to bear the hardships and sufferings that may be in store. I suggest a short prayer on the following lines:—

"Vouchsafe Thine Aid O Almighty Father and grant that this our leader may be endowed with wisdom to comprehend, judgment to define and ability to lead us and our country to the straight path of Truth, Virtue, and Unity, May harmony, concord, love, Peace and Unity prevail among us. Spare him for as many more years as may be deemed necessary under Your Divine Law and Wisdom." Forgive us O Father for our sins of omission and commission for we knew not what we did. Give us O'Lord the wisdom and strength to do constructive work for our dear country and devote ourselves to the service of humanity in Thy Most Holy Name" Amen.—Yours, etc.,

S. R. BAMJI.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

CAIRO, September 30.

"During the night of September 28-29 our patrols were active on the whole front. Yesterday there was nothing to report from our land forces."

—Umpteenth Middle East Joint War Communique.

* * *

In Mr. Amery's opinion practical statesmanship will bind India to the British Commonwealth.

Quite right—with the bounds recently forged by Churchill, Cripps, Amery and Co.

* * *

Lord Erskine believes that democracy as practised by the Anglo-Saxon countries or their "Allies" is unsuited to India.

India, in fact, is eminently fit for what may be described as a Japanese "co-prosperity" administration but in association with Britain.

* * *

While at Ankara, Mr. Wendell Willkie is reported to have told journalists that he was visiting Turkey because she was one of the few neutrals in the world and the only neutral in the Middle East.

He has since been visiting Russia and China because they are belligerents.

From which you can easily draw the conclusion that he is not coming to India because she is neither. And you'll be as right as Euclid.

* * *

"In the winter of 1941-42", said Herr Hitler, "the German army and people were protected by destiny. Worse cannot come this winter."

Suppose destiny realises its mistake of the last winter?

* * *

"Enemy hopes", declared the Fuehrer, "are sheer lunacy". For, "we have", for example, "extended our alliances with out oldest ally, Italy."

With more Gestapo and occupation troops, no doubt.

* * *

"When Hitler arrived, his first act was to shake hands with Rommel."

—Berlin Report.

But those who reliably discovered Rommel in a tropical hospital need not be discomfited. All that they have to do is to locate Hitler also in the same hospital having caught the contagion from Rommel.

* * *

Mr. Churchill has informed the House of Commons that very heavy loses were sustained during the Dieppe raid.

Therefore, an invasion is obviously out of the question. How can it possibly succeed unless very light losses are sustained during landings on enemy occupied coast?

* * *

Enemy Planes Over Britain.

—Headline.

What interests us is British planes over enemy——if any.

* * *

He came down to breakfast in a very bad temper.

"It's no good!" he stormed at his wife "I'm going to give that new chauffeur notice. That's twice he's nearly killed me."

"Oh, darling," said his wife, "couldn't you give him another chance?"

Increase In Indian Soldiers' Pay

NEW DELHI, Sept. 29.

As from September 1, 1942, the basic pay of all Indian other ranks and of enrolled non-combatants is increased by Rs. 2 per month, says a communique. Proficiency pay, hitherto granted after one year's service, and giving an addition of Rs. 2-8 per month will now be payable after six months at the rate of one rupee per month and after a year at Rs. 3-8 per month. The rules governing good-service pay for N.C.O.s have been modified so that it may be drawn after one, two or three years' service, instead of two, four and six years as formerly.

In addition in recognition of the effect of the recent rise in prices the messing allowance for Indian soldiers on peace-time ration scales in Indian stations is raised from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per month.

These increases, which represent an addition to the Indian Army pay-bill of roughly Rs. 3,30,00,000 a year constitute the third direct increase of pay to the Indian soldier since the outbreak of war.—A. P.

Amery Chooses Place For India's Future

Talks Of Spiritual Basis For Association With Britain

LONDON, Sept. 30.

"IT IS DIFFICULT TO IMAGINE NATIONS IN FUTURE REMAINING SERENELY INDIFFERENT TO THEIR CITIZENS SUPPLYING PROBABLE, ALMOST CERTAIN ENEMIES WITH MATERIAL ESSENTIAL FOR WAR UP TO THE VERY OUTBREAK OF HOSTILITIES AS WE DID WITH GERMANY OR AMERICANS OR WITH JAPAN", SAID MR. AMERY IN THE COURSE OF HIS SPEECH AT CAXTON HALL LAST NIGHT.

HE CALCULATED THAT INDIAN STATESMANSHIP OUT OF PRACTICAL ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND DEFENCE CONSIDERATIONS WILL CONTINUE TO REMAIN WITHIN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH.

I need not go into the amazing story of how in the sheer anarchy of the eighteenth century in India at times under the menace of French aggression, the local agents of a British trading concern found themselves compelled progressively to take over an ever-widening field of authority.

In the end, when that authority had covered the whole of the vast Indian sub-continent in fact became an empire, Parliament here found itself obliged to assume ultimate responsibility for its security, good Government and exercise a limited regulating and controlling influence.

Native To India

Nevertheless, what is called British rule in India, is essentially an institution native to the soil of India.

It has been created by British leadership profoundly influenced by British conceptions of standards, above all by the conception of the reign of law which is the foundation of our liberties. But at every stage in building up the vast structure Indians have played their part, and in the last generation an ever increasing part, both in civil administration and the fighting forces.

Nor should we ever lose out of sight the fact that the Government of a quarter population and nearly half the area of India has throughout remained entirely in the hands of Indian rulers, who are protected by treaties loyally observed on both sides, are an essential part of the fabric of the Indian Empire of to-day, and an indispensable element in the entirely self-governing India of tomorrow.

Political Problem

Side by side with this India that is waging war, there is an India which is concerned with the political issue and India's future government, both in its internal structure and in its relation to this country and to the British Commonwealth as a whole.

On the latter issue there is no divergence of aim, whether between Indians themselves.

We in this country are at one in wishing to see India administering her own affairs, free to control her own destiny, remaining of her own free choice a member of that free partnership of nations which is known as the British Commonwealth. That this should come about is in our eyes the crowning consummation of our past work in India.

Indians of all communities and classes and princes no less than party leaders in British India are equally anxious that India should govern herself free from all external control.

Task For Indians

The difficulty lies in finding a system of Government under which the various complex and profoundly divergent elements of India's national life can both govern themselves in such fashion that no one element should be in a position to oppress another and yet retain substantially that unity of administration and law which has been built up in the past. For without that, India can neither be prosperous and at peace within her own borders nor secure against aggression from without.

The problem is one of immense difficulty. But it can and I believe will be solved.

In the main, it must be solved by Indians for themselves, who have agreed to compromises and concessions upon which it must inevitably be based, who will be eager to make the working of that constitution a success.

That is why the American constitution works, our British constitution works and that is why the Dominion constitutions worked.

No imposed constitution least of all one imposed by one element or party in India upon the rest of India, can live.

Yet that is in essence the aim of Mr. Gandhi and a handful of his associates who control the Congress party machine.

The defeat of the present attempt to seize control of India in the interests of party dictatorship is an essential condition of any real constitutional solution.

That a solution will be found I have no doubt and it is upon that assumption that I shall now invite you to consider problems that will face the Indian Government enjoying unfettered control of India's destiny at home in relation to the outside world.

Group Defence Needed

The first problem will be that of India's defence. Whatever arrangement may agreed upon after the war in order to prevent an early revival of aggressive ambitions on the part of our defeated enemies, we, none of us, now cherish the illusion that world peace can be preserved on cheap by merely setting up some scheme of international machinery.

It will be an immensely costly demand as its foundation is great economic resources and large revenues. The present war has shown the helplessness of small poor countries in the face of the bombers, tanks or fleets of great powers and the folly of thinking that they can rely on well-meaning neutrality.

It is only as members of some definitely associated league or groups that they can assure their safety in future.

How will India stand in that respect?

Her latent resources, material and human, are such that, given the domestic peace and wise leadership, nothing should prevent her from attaining a position in which she could create and afford without undue sacrifice all the defensive equipment of a great power.

She is far from being in that position to-day.

To construct, man and pay for vast fleets of warships, aeroplanes and tanks required for the single-handed defence of her territory and her trade will for a very considerable period be beyond her capacity.

For that period at least, if she is to develop in peace and safety, she will have to look to some stable alliance or association with others whose interests coincide with hers.

It is difficult to imagine nations in future remaining serenely indifferent to their citizens supplying probable, almost certain, enemies with materials essential for war up to the very outbreak of hostilities, as we did with Germany or Americans with Japan.

Practical Consideration

For some considerable time at any rate it seems to me that Indian statesmanship guided solely by practical consideration of India's interest, will naturally wish to secure or retain for India the defensive and economic advantages of some suitable external association.

Where can they best find it? To answer the question we must consider not only the geographical conditions affecting India's defence and trade but also such more intimate factors as racial and cultural traditions and historical associations.

Her mountain frontiers are a serious obstacle alike to trade and invasion.

Her long coastline is a standing invitation to both.

From the view point of the defence of both her territory and trade the most important issue is the friendship of whoever commands the Indian Ocean itself and its gateways at Capetown, Suez, Singapore and Darwin.

"Asia For Asiatics"

Ah, but it will be said, "What has India to do with Europe and South Africa and Australia and New Zealand? She is part of Asia and a natural development of the future is "Asia for Asiatics" and that it is towards China or Japan that Indians' natural affinities will lead her. I believe that that will be a profound mistake.

There is no such thing really as an Asiatic and of the great racial and cultural divisions of the old world, India's racial origins and historical and political associations and traditions have linked her from the days of Alexander the Great through the long centuries of Muslim infiltration and the subsequent two centuries of British influence far more closely with the world of Europe and the Middle East than with the fundamentally different history and outlook of the Mongolian Far East.

Above all, British influence on India's legal and political thought, not to speak of the use of the English language as a common medium of intercourse between Indians of different home languages, all make associtaion with countries of British tradition easier and more natural for Indians.

Add to that the sheer practical difficulties of immediate disentanglement from the existing connection in defence and administration and it would seem as a mere matter of practical convenience and advantage that by far the best policy for India during the period before she can afford to stand alone is to continue her association with the free partnership of the British Commonwealth.

Little Exaction

There is no political partnership in the world exacting so little from members which I believe in the long run can give so much in return.

I have been talking on purely material and practical plane, looking at the future exclusively from the view point of India's interests. You may well ask the question: "What about Britain's interests?

Looking at the matter from the narrower viewpoint of this island alone, it would, I admit, be difficult to argue that the moral obligation to help India in time of danger is not likely to involve a far greater strain upon our whole defensive organisation and our foreign policy, than would be compensated for by India's military help or by the additional trade we might possibly get from such preferential advantages as India might concede our trade.

From that narrower standpoint the association with India might well be more of a burden than an asset and we might have a good practical reason for telling that we wished to be quit of her.

On the other hand if we look at the matter from a broader viewpoint of the Commonwealth as a whole, taking into account the interests of other British territories in the southern hemisphere as well as interests in the Middle East there is a much stronger case for arguing that India as a member of the Commonwealth partnership would probably be on balance and, in the long run, if not firstly will contribute as much as she would receive.

Worth Keeping

Is it not in this direction, in practical grounds that the British Commonwealth as a whole is worth keeping together we might also conclude that it will be as much to the Commonwealth's advantage to continue association with India as in India's interest to remain associated with the Commonwealth.

That brings me to a much more fundamental question. Is the continuance and development of the British Commonwealth something really worth while, either from our own viewpoint or from that of the world at large?

Is it merely a system of mutual co-operation and insurance between a particular group of nations concerned only with the self-regarding interest of its members? Or is it not something far more significant and hopeful for mankind?

Is it not a unique experiment in the direction of securing unity of political action in essentials between free nations without the sacrifice of their several national identity or their control of every aspect of their national life?

Such unity not based on the domination of a master state not even on the rigid structure and sacrifice of individual nationality involved in a federation, but on common ideals and mutual loyalties, is surely something well worth trying out, both for ourselves and as an example to others—in a world in which the need for larger unities for getting away from the present political and economic anarchy is becoming increasingly urgent.

Spiritual Basis

Is it not in this direction, in the direction of leagues of like-minded free nations, that a 'true New Order' of the world's immediate future is to be sought?

And if such a league can successfully include in equal freedom and responsibility not only nations of kindered origin but nations so far apart as peoples of India and those of this island and Dominions of European stock cutting across all divisions of colour race and creed, shall we not have advanced an immense step towards the evolution of that future free league of mankind, which is the ultimate goal of the world but which is unlikely to be reached by any more mechanical scheme for an immediate millennium?

If so, then the case for India's remaining in partnership of the British Commonwealth, not only for the period of transition but permanently, and for our desiring her to remain therein, is based on grounds even stronger than that of the aeroplanes we can furnish to each other in war or the trade which we can offer each other in peace.

It is based on beliefs and hopes which go to the very foundation of the spiritual nature of our peoples.

Even more than on the practical commonsense of both sides, it is on the deeper idealism, both of the Indian and British peoples, that must depend the future relation of free India to the Commonwealth in which and through the influence of whose ideals, she will have found both her unity and her freedom.—Reuter.

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

(Continued from Page 4)

September 12 under the Defence of India Rules, was sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment. Six other Congress workers were also sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, ranging from three to four months.

RAIDS IN CALCUTTA

Four places in the city were raided by the special branch police last night under the Defence of India Rules. After prolonged searches, the police took four persons into custody from these places.—A. P.

ARRESTED PERSONS RELEASED

MYMENSINGH, September 30.

The 21 persons arrested by the local police in connection with the raid by a number of young men on the Income-Tax Office, the country liquor shop, and the opium shop of the town on August 31, were discharged yesterday on their giving written undertakings to the Superintendent of Police that they did not and would not join in the present movement.—A. P.

72-Year-Old Man Arrested

DACCA, October 1.

Information has been received here that a 72-year-old man of Bajrajogini in Vikrampur was arrested. He was taken to Munshiganj when the Sub-Divisional Officer released him on a bail of Rs. 500.—A. P.

In The States

Dr. Melkote Jailed

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Oct. 1.

Dr. Melkote has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment each on two counts under the Defence of Hyderabad Rules. The sentences will run concurrently. The city police searched several places in the city yesterday and seized some alleged incriminating literature.—United Press.

Harijan Sangh Office Searched

UJJAIN, October 1.

The police searched the office of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, the office and residence of Mr. Suryaprasad Seth, ex-President of the Sarwajanik Sabha and the office of the Sarwajanik Sabha at Freeganj. Some hand-written and cyclostyled handbills and letters and a typewriter were seized.

Mr. Gopaldas Nagar, Manager of the local Khadi Bhandar, who was arrested last week has been released.—United Press.

BHOPAL LEADER ARRESTED

GWALIOR, October 1.

The police seized a bundle of printed literature at the Bhopal railway station containing a resolution of the Bhopal State's People's Conference. Mr. Shakiral Khan, ex-President of the Bhopal State's People's Conference and member of the Standing Committee of the All-India States' Conference and three others were arrested.—United Press.

HOW BANGALORE MUNICIPALITY WILL FUNCTION

BANGALORE, September 30.

The Government of Mysore have passed orders authorising the Vice-President of the Bangalore City Municipality to perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President of the Municipality for the period during which the President is unable to attend or is prevented from attending to his duties.

It might be remembered that it is over a month since the President of the Bangalore City Municipality was arrested under the Defence of India Rules and kept in detention.—A. P.

In U. P.

Allahabad Arrests And Convictions

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 1.

Ten persons were arrested in the city last night in connection with a Congress demonstration. It appears that some persons entered a building declared to be Congress office and started shouting slogans.

Fifteen persons in all were sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment and fines yesterday here in connection with the disturbances last month.—A. P.

CONVICTIONS IN ALLAHABAD.

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 30.

Out of the eight persons who had been charged under the Defence of India Rules for cutting telephone wires, and barricading a road in August last in Katra here, one was acquitted on the plea of proved alibi. The rest were all sentenced to varying terms of imprisonment or fines. Considering the work done by the police to be good, the Magistrate ordered that out of the fines, if recovered, the police should be paid as reward Rs. 150

One more person has been sentenced to 18 months' R. I. for setting fire to an A. R. P. first aid post.—A. P.

SEC. 144 IN BENARES

BENARES, Oct. 1.

The District Magistrate has promulgated an order under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. within the limits of the Benares Municipality as a precautionary measure during the forthcoming Ramlila celebrations.

The order prohibits any person other than public servants from carrying lathis, spears, knives etc., The order will remain in force till six a. m. on November 1st.—A. P.

Collective Fines In Agra

LUCKNOW, Oct. 1.

A collective fine of Rs. 21,745 has been imposed by the Governor of the United Provinces on the inhabitants of 22 areas in the district of Agra.

SIX INJURED IN CLASH: EIGHT ARRESTED

LUCKNOW, Sept. 30.

Six persons were injured in a clash which occurred this afternoon between the students of a local educational institution and workers of a local motor workshop. Brickbats were freely exchanged between the parties. Police arrived on the scene and restored order by effecting eight arrests

It is stated that trouble arose over an altercation and developed into a fight necessitating police intervention.—A. P.

WIRE CUTTING IN BENARES

BENARES, September 30.

There were two instances of wire cutting last night in Benares city which has been free from any incident for more than a month and a half. The local police are investigating but no arrests have been made so far.—A. P

Keshao Deo Malaviya Arrested

CAWNPORE, September 30.

Pandit Keshao Deo Malaviya, Secretary, U.P. Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Gajpat Rai Saxena and Mr. Prahlad Krishna Kapur, were arrested today under the Defence of India Rules. The police also searched a number of places but nothing incriminating is reported to have been found.—A. P.

LADY PROFESSOR ARRESTED

BARISAL, Sept. 29.

A lady professor of the Brojamohan College, Barisal, has been arrested under the Defence of India Rules and has been detained in jail, pending trial. Following the arrest students of the local college and schools have declared a strike.

The Secretary of the Sundwip Congress Committee has been arrested under the Defence of India Rules and detained as a security prisoner.—A. P.

Congress M.L.A. Acquitted On Appeal

CUTTACK, Sept. 30.

Mr. Justice Meredith of the Patna High Court at Cuttack Circuit Session to-day allowed the appeal of Mr. Nabakrishna Chaudhury, Secretary of the Orissa Congress Assembly Party, preferred against his sentence by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Cuttack to six months' imprisonment in connection with a speech Mr. Chaudhury delivered last January.

In the appeal, the Sessions Judge reduced the sentence to one of six weeks. The High Court granted Mr. Chaudhury a bail last March.

Mr. Justice Meredith acquitting Mr. Chaudhury said that the speech approached the border line of law but "I am unable to hold he crossed the line."

Mr. Chaudhury is at present in jail, being detained under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Parbati Devi Jailed

SAMBALPUR (Orissa), Sept. 29.

Sreemati Parbati Devi has been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules.

Nursing Guru, Secretary of the District Harijan Committee, Dayanand Sulpathy, Secretary of the District Congress Committee, Durga Prosad Guru, and Pt. Ramkrishna Sukul are being prosecuted under the Defence of India Rules. The first named accused has been released on a bail of Rs. 500, while the other three are in custody.—A. P.

Latest Commercial

COTTON

DECEMBER

New York, Oct. 1.

Previous closing 18.30
To-day's opening 18.30
Difference ..... nil.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 1.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—
October not received.
December not received.
March not received.

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, Oct. 1.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Bombay October/November (£28 1/2 quoted) £28 1/2 quoted
Linseed Calcutta October/November (£22 1/4 quoted) £22 1/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata October/November unquoted.
Groundnuts Coromandal October/November
East Coast India shipment (£24 1/2 quoted) £24 1/2 quoted; West Coast Indian shipment (£25 1/4 quoted) £25 1/4 quoted

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES

New York, Oct. 1.

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON
Previous closing 4.03 3/4
To-day's opening ..... not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Oct. 1.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers: 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 1.

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 1.

Spot (23 1/2d) £23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 1.

London on Bombay (1-5 1/32 sellers 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-5 1/32 sellers: 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 1.

The London Stock Exchange was cheerful to-day.

3½ PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 1.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £100 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

5 per cent 1958-68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £32 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 3/16
2 per cent Conversion Loan £100 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 7/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106 1/4
3 per cent War Loan £101 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 13/16

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 19-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 39-7 1/2
Electric Music Industry 17-6
Frinchin Johnson 26-9
Imperial Chemical 34-4 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary 56-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £79 1/2
Dundee 30-6
Unilever Ordinary 30-3
Ford Motors 30-1 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £65 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 7/32
Carreas 'A' £5 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 13/16
P and O Defd 32-3
Distillers 60-3
Bradfords Dye 13-9
British Celanese 13-10 1/2
J and P Coates 39-9
Courtaulds Ordinary 41-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 13-7 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-4 1/2
Inter Nickels dol 43-9
Indian Iron 45-7 1/2

New York Stock Exchange

New York, Oct. 1.

The New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
General Motors (dol 38 7/8) dol 38 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 25 7/8) unquoted.
United States Steel Common (dol 46 5/8) dol 46 3/4
United States Steel Preference (dol 109 1/4) unquoted

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 1.

2 3/4 per cent 1949-52 98/15
3 1/2 per cent G I Notes 94
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99/14
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 100/3
3 per cent 1963-65 94/14
4 per cent 1960-70 109/9
3 per cent 1943 Bonds 102/7
3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 Loan 103/0
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 113/8

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 109/2
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 108/4
4 per cent M Deb 1957 108
6 per cent M Deb 1959 115
5 per cent M Deb 1954 125/4
5 per cent K P T 1956 125

Tone:—Steady.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Banks of India, Banking Department as on the 25th September, 1942.

LIABILITIES:—

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits.—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	17,12,13,000
(2) Government of Burma	31,64,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	5,71,65,000
(b) Banks	64,57,77,000
(c) Others	3,36,09,000
Bills Payable	3,24,81,000
Other Liabilities	2,85,36,000
Rupees	107,19,45,000

ASSETS:—

Notes	10,75,70,000
Rupee Coin	9,78,000
Subsidiary Coin	5,17,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	24,98,000
Balances held abroad*	86,26,97,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	1,29,00,000
Investments	6,58,32,000
Other Assets	1,88,53,000
Rupees	107,19,45,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 25th day of September 1942

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES:—

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	10,76,70,000
Notes in circulation	492,58,58,000
Total Liabilities	503,35,28,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 74.343 per cent.

ASSETS:—

A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
Sterling Securities	329,79,17,000
Total of A.	374,20,60,000
B. Rupee Coin	26,71,06,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	102,43,63,000
Total Assets	503,35,28,000

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Oct. 1.

LONDON—
Banks buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 9/32 Two Months.
Banks buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 5/16 Three Months.
Banks buying 90 Days/St. 1/6 5/16 Four Months.
B C Rates T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/6 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/6 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 D D 1/6 5/32
LONDON/NEW YORK—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4 D D Rs. 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2 D D Rs 326 1/2
LONDON/MONTREAL—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4 D D Rs. 294 3/4
LONDON/BERNE—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2
LONDON/STOCKHOLM—
Banks selling T T K 123 D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128 D D K 128
MEXICO/LONDON—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27 D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04 D D Rs 62.04
LISBON/LONDON—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55 D D Esc 7.55
AUSTRALIA/LONDON—
Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8 D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T — D D 1/11 3/8
New York London dol 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 44 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call and 1 to 3 months not quoting.
4 to 6 months 1/4 per cent.
7 to 12 months 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Very Easy.

Colombo Quotations

COLOMBO, Sept. 30.

Price of rubber in the local market was sheet seventy-one crepe 72 1/4 yesterday's closing price was the same.

Copra 59.00 white per cwt naked 21.00.

Share market: Doomoo tea 11; Fairlawn 15 1/2; Highforest 21 1/2; Robgill tea 12; Strathspey tea 11 1/4; Tonacombe 12 3/4; Uplands tea 11; Arratenne tea rubber 11; Craiglands tea rubber 8; Deniyaya tea rubber 7 1/2; Dickapitiya tea rubber 10; Golinda tea rubber 7 3/4; Kalugange Valley tea rubber 9; Kandyanhills 15; Kelani tea gardens 11; Muttapitiya tea rubber 10; Macaldeniya tea rubber 9 1/2; Mayen tea rubber 11 1/4; Mealimor 18; Moner Kalla rubber 8; North-western 13 1/4; Opalgalla tea rubber 8; Opata tea rubber 22; Pelmadulla Valley tea rubber 15; Rakana tea rubber 8 1/2; Rayigam 15 1/4; Saffragam rubber tea 122 1/2; Talanga Wella rubber tea 10; Vogan tea 22 1/2; Watapola rubber tea 13 1/2; Ceylon rubber 24; Dorset 10; Gallawatter rubber 7; Gonagama rubber 11; Hatbawe rubber 8 1/2; Kalutara Company 19; Kalutara rubber 8 1/2; Kirilla 7; Lansdowne rubber 70; Pimburarubber 20; Ruanwella tea 14 1/2; Usk Valley rubber 15 1/2; Vaikumdam 15 1/2; Ella tea 115; Etambawela rubber 3 1/2; Kegalle rubber tea 7 1/2; Kelaniavalley rubber 6 1/2; Muppane rubber 25 1/2; Nakkala rubber 8; Narangoda rubber 22; Rubi rubber 6 1/4; Ullswater rubber 6 1/2; Knavesmire 70; Commercial companies British Ceylon Corporation 9 1/4; Ceylon theatres 29; Galleface hotel 80 rupee Coconut companies Martin coconut 17.—A. P.

AMERICAN CORN FOR TURKEY

Agreement Signed In Ankara

VICHY, Oct. 1.

An agreement signed in Ankara between Turkey, the United States and Sweden provides for the supply of American corn to Turkey, says an Ankara dispatch received here.

During the next year, the United States will provide 200,000 tons of grain to be carried in Swewish freighters to Turkish ports.—Reuter.

PISTOL AND LEAFLETS RECOVERED

NAGPUR, Oct. 1.

A youth, the son of a pleader, has been detained by the police in connection with the attempt to damage the house of the City Police Suptrintendent on September 29.

The police are alleged to have recovered in a search of his house, an old muzzle loading pistol and some leaflets.—A. P.

SHARE BAZAR VERY STEADY

Bombay, Oct. 1.

The local Share Bazar, after absorbing yesterday realising sales, renewed the upward tendency to-day with active general buying Prices recorded further improvement.

Cotton mill shares assumed the lead and Bombay Dyeing shares under active and impressive buying hardened to Rs. 1510 Gokak mills also improved to Rs. 338 and New Great Mill shares hardened to Rs. 338. Tata Steel Dfds also received moderate support and looked up to Rs 1575 and Ordinary shares were placed to Rs. 319. The market feeling was moderately bullish and investors are employing their liquid resources in purchases of industrial shares. The market relies on industrial prosperity in the coming year and are buying confidently. Towards the close there was some realising but the market closed steady. It is now realised that the market was oversold and induced considerable covering.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Apollo 5/6; Ahmedabad Advance 400; Bombay Dyeing 1505; Central India 393; Century 572; Colaba Land 224; E. D. United 3/10; Finlay 249; Gokak 333; Indian Bleaching 215; Indore Malwa 515; Kohinoor 575; Lakshmi 1000; Morarji 742/8; Mysore 163/12; New Great 339; Phoenix 502/8; Podar 257/8 Sassoon Silk 102; Sholapur 7375; Simplex 251; Svadeshi 443; Swan 240; Tata Mill 42; Vishnu 1935; New City 272/8;

ELECTRICS.

Andhra Valley 1637/8; Ahmedabad Electric 180; Ajmere Electric 13/12; Bombay Suburban (old) 173/12; Bombay Tramways 140/8; Karachi Electric 196/4; Poona Electric 238/12 Surat Electric 180; Tata Hydro 178/8; Tata Power 1615.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Asso. Cement 185; Alcock Ashdown 500; Belapur Sugar 227; Bombay Burma 260; Bombay Burma New 99; Bombay Steam 370; Shivrajpur 51/8; Tata Steel Def. 1557/8; Tata Steel Ord. 316; Prem. Construction 128; Bro B Petrol 1/11/6; Ind. Radio Def. 360; Ind. Radio Ordy. 365; Scindia Steam 23/6; Tata Chemical 20/14; Tata Oil 68/8; Western India Match 250; Burma Corporation 2/8; Indian Ion 32/11; Indian Copper 2/3; Steel Corp. Bengal 20.

BANKS.

Baroda 121/4; Central 55; Imperial P.P. 1605; Imperial P.P. 390; India 153; Reserve 103; Union 7/1;

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prant. 930; Central Prov. 111; Gujrat 107; Hoshiarpur Doab 97; Mandra Bhon 106/12; Sara Sirajgunge 98/8; Sialkot Narowal 113.

INSURANCE.

Empire 700; Jupiter 15/2; New India 53/4; Oriental Life 4030; Vulcan Insurance 10/2.

DEBENTURES.

4 per cent Tata Chem. 1952 140; 4 per cent Andhra 1952 104/14; 4 per cent Bom. Telephone 48/4; 4 per cent Tata Power 1951/55 104/14

PREFERENCE

5 per cent Ahm. Advance 125; 7 per cent Andhra 1570; 7 per cent Bom. Tram 79; 6 per cent Bom. Steam 327/8; 5 per cent Central India 682/8; 6 per cent Tata Steel 1st 200; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Steel 2nd 136; 7 per cent Tata Hydro 159/6; 7 1/2 per cent Tata Power 1580; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const 1st 122/8; 6 1/4 per cent P. Const. 2nd. 121/8; 5 per cent Svadeshi 138; 5 per cent T. Chem. 121.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Oct. 1.

Tata Ordinary 315; Tata Deferred 1576; Indian Iron 32/12; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20; Bombay Dyeing 1507/8; Central India 396/4; Century 575; Gokak 335; Kohinoor 567/8; Simplex 253; Andhra Valley 1615; Tata Hydro 176/4; Tata Power 1605; Associated Cement 184; Belapur 228/2; Bombay Burma (old) 252/8.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 30.

October	17.99+06
December	18.30+05
January	18.39+05
Middling Spot	19.62+13

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Sept. 30.

October	18.22+06
December	18.50+05
January	18.56+07
Middling spot	18.65+05

NOON CALL.

New York, Sept. 30.

December	18.30
March	18.53

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 30.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD.

London, Sept. 30.

London gold fine per oz £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Sept. 30.

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid official 40.5
Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Sept. 30.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Sept/Oct quoted 26
Wheat Barletta Russo Sept/Oct quoted 26/1 1/2
Wheat South Australia Sept/Oct quoted 26

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept. 30.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent £66
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later £100 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent £32 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 £107 3/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent £106 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £114 7/16
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £114 3/4
Chartered Bank of I.A. China £7 1/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg) £58 1/2
National Bank of India £28 1/4

Madras Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. 50,00,000 (fifty lacs only) of three months' Government of Madras Treasury Bills will be received at the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay up to 11 a.m. (S.T.) on Friday the 9th October 1942 and at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India in Calcutta and Madras up to the close of business on Thursday the 8th October 1942.

Successful tenderers will be required to make payment and take up their bills on Wednesday the 14th October 1942.

WANTED

INFLUENTIAL AGENTS

to sell shares of

NATIONAL NUTRIMENTS LIMITED.

the only concern in India manufacturing various kinds of Milk Products and other Chemicals, etc., in their factories at Dum Dum (Calcutta) and Benares (U. P.). Their Products 'VITA MILK' has already made a name in the market.

For particulars and agency terms please apply to the MG. AGENTS,

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Friday, October 2, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

MALARIA MUST BE BANISHED!
Take FEVERFAIL
FOR MALARIAL FEVERS
PARSHURAM TRADING CO.
PRARTHANA SAMAJ BOMBAY

No Appeal To Privy Council Against Death Sentence By Emergency Courts

Full Debate On Indian Developments To Take Place Soon In Parliament

LONDON, Sept. 30.

A full debate on the Indian developments will shortly be held in the Commons, says Reuter's political correspondent.

The debate will arise on a second reading of the New India and Burma (temporary and miscellaneous provisions) Bill which was formally presented in the House to-day.

The object of the Bill is to prolong the temporary powers taken in 1939 after the resignation of provincial ministries.

Failing a renewal these powers would have expired next month. A very full discussion is expected. —Reuter.

NEW BILL

The India and Burma Bill which was given first reading in the Commons on Wednesday, provides for the continuance of the present temporary arrangements in seven 'Congress' provinces to date 12 months from the end of the war period, subject to periodic review by Parliament.

It also suspends temporarily the right of a person condemned to death by emergency courts (but not normal court) to appeal to the Privy Council provided the sentence has been reviewed and confirmed by the High Court or a High Court Judge.

Another provision is to enable the Central Legislature to declare that an office of profit under the crown shall not disqualify the holder from being a member of either House.

The absence of this power has hampered the Government of India in making war time appointments.

Certain emergency provisions are also made in consequence of the establishment in India of the Government of Burma.—Reuter.

Abdul Ghaffar Khan

PESHAWAR, Sept. 30

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan has returned from his tour of the southern districts. He addressed a public meeting in Bannu last night. Mr. Amir Mohd Khan, ex-Parliamentary Secretary also spoke.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

A lot of speculation has been made about the opening of second front. There are certain conditions which must be fulfilled before such a front could be started and MAINTAINED. From a person who could speak with authority I got six such conditions. They are:

1. There must be air mastery to establish a solid bridgehead.

2. There must be sufficient shipping to transport and supply permanently a force sufficient to compel the enemy to transfer his principal strength from East to West, because the main purpose of such a Second Front would be to help Russia.

3. The equipment of that force must be equal in quantity to anything which the enemy could bring to bear against it.

4. The Allies must be certain of their ability to reinforce the new front from Britain and America.

5. The Allies must have the power to harass and interrupt enemy communications.

6. The opening of a second front should not affect the defence of Egypt and India, as a second front would be an added commitment.

* * *

Headline in yesterday's paper: EXPLOSION IN DUSTBIN..... A clear case of suspended indigestion.

* * *

Another headline: 15,000 Germans lost in One Week——Herr Hitler said there was plenty more cannon fodder, where that came from.

Second Impression
of
Chungking Diary
Now Ready.

Journalists Pay With Their Lives

30 Listed Killed, Missing Or Prisoners In Middle East

LONDON, Oct. 1.

Alaric Jacobs the "Daily Express" correspondent, under the caption "Toll of the News" telegraphs the following story, which is also featured.

The award of M. C. to Capt. Miti Lal Katju an official observer of the Indian Army together with M. C. to Captain Geoffrey Keating, official photographer, draws attention to men who cover news in the Middle East and have suffered casualties out of all proportion to their numbers.

Out of the war correspondents, officers and men of public relations cadres in the Middle East 30 were to-day listed killed, missing and prisoners of war (first) killed: Ralph Barnes, "New York Herald Tribune", flying against the enemy, in Greece; Massey Anderson, Reuter's, lost in a naval action in the Mediterranean; Bernard Gray "Sunday Pictorial" perished in a submarine returning from Malta; Arthur Metro, "Daily Telegraph", killed in a road accident; Edward Ward B.B.C., Geoffre Anderson, "Associated Press," Harold Denny, "New York Times," Patrick Crosse, Reuter's, Lieutenant Colonel Desmond Young, Indian Army Public Relations and five South African Bureau Information correspondents, all prisoners of war.

The latest casualty is the best known naval writer in the Middle East, Larry Allen, "Associated Press", missing since the recent raid of Tobruk.

Among photographers and cinematographers two have been killed, two drowned at sea and no less than ten missing unreported in recent western desert campaigns in addition to several correspondents and a number of officers and men of Public Relations wounded.

Such is the toll of news in this theatre of war.

Correspondents and Public Relations personnel, who write and picturize the news are obviously not so continuously exposed as the fighting troops but they have opportunities to display their fighting qualities even though only a note book or a camera is in hand.

The citation which wins Captain Katju the M. C. contains the proud sentence: "His fearlessness is a byword among troops to whom he is attached".—Reuter.

A scene from "Valley of the Sun" at New Empire and Robert Cummings and Ann Sheridan in "Kings Row" at Metro

"VALLEY OF THE SUN" AT NEW EMPIRE

Sparkling with lusty humour and compelling realism as well as with romance and adventure and peril, "Valley of the Sun" is at New Empire theatre this week.

With Lucille Ball as a frontier heroine and James Craig as a resourceful Army Scout, the picture blends a fast-paced romance with its basic theme of Indian troubles in the old South-west during the turbulent period that followed the Civil War.

Magnificent photography among the rugged mountain peaks of Northern New Mexico, where most of the outdoor action was filmed, is an added feature of this R-K-O Radio picture.

"What's Cookin'" At Regal

Laughs and lyrics in "What's Cookin'" at Regal from Friday are happily provided by such music and mirth favourites as the Andrews Sisters, Jane Frazee, Robert Paige, Gloria Jean, Leo Carrillo and Charles Butterworth. Other headliners in the cast are Billie Burke, Franklin Pangborn and Grace McDonald. A most diverting novelty is presented by the 18 Jivin' Jacks and Jills while the entire picture enhanced by the music of Woody Herman and his orchestra.

"What's Cookin'" an original story by Edgar Allan Woolf, was adapted by Haworth Bromie and written as screen play by Jerry Cady and Stanley Roberts. Jerome Ash was the cameraman and the picture was directed by Edward Cline.

"What's Cookin'" at Evening Prices will be shown at 10-30 a.m. on Sunday also.

'KING'S ROW' AS FILM AT METRO

Another Screen Hit By Sam Wood

The film version of "Kings Row," one of America's most popular novels of this decade, will be shown at Metro from today (Friday). Ann Sheridan, Robert Cummings, Ronald Reagan and Betty Field head one of the most distinguished casts ever assembled in one motion picture.

Under the direction of Sam Wood, producer and director of "Goodbye Mr. Chips," and "Our Town" "Kings Row" has retained the full flavour of the original novel.

Vividly brought to life on the screen is this story of young people, hemmed in by the stifling inhibitions and taboos of a small midwestern American town in the early years of this century. Struggling to find happiness against the opposition of the seething undercurrent of gossip and back-biting, the strong and brave emerge victorious, the weak are submerged.

"Sunny" At Capitol

Vivacious Anna Neagle's newest filmusical, "Sunny", offers many dance routines.

Miss Neagle has two solo dances and two duet dances with Ray Bolger, who also has a unique solo that give his famous flying feet a chance to display their agility.

Herbert Wilcox produced and directed the picture, which is laid in New Orlean during the Mardi Gras using many colourful locales in the Louisiana city for its backgrounds.

"COTTAGE TO LET" AT EXCELSIOR

In the film, "Cottage to Let" at Excelsior which was brilliantly directed by Anthony Asquith, the action of the story has been shifted to a village near Glasgow, and Scottish exteriors are included in the production.

"Cottage to Let" is the exciting drama of a Fifth Columnist organisation who plan to kidnap the inventor of a particular accurate bomb-sight and take him to Berlin to work for Germany.

With their headquarters concealed as a fake domestic agency in Glasgow, with their spies planted in the inventor's household, they achieve the kidnapping, but fail to get the inventor away in a seaplane from a loch because of the last-minute intervention by an unsuspected M.I.5. agent and the clever amateur detective work of an evacuee boy.

The grimly thrilling climax is staged in the topical surroundings of a village Spitfire Fund Bazaar.

Elizabeth And Essex At Kohinoor

Errol Flynn, Bette Davis and Olivia de Havilland in one of the screen's finest achievements of all times "The Private Lives of Elizabeth and Essex" in technicolour will be screened at Kohinoor on Sunday morning at 10-30 at reduced admission prices.

SUNDAY SHOW AT METRO

On Sunday October 4th at 10 a.m. Mickey Rooney and Judy Garland in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer musical "Strike up the Band"

SUNDAY SHOW AT CAPITOL

'Lucky Partners' with Ginger Rogers and Ronald Colman will be shown at Capitol at 10-30 a.m. on Sunday.

NEW PARTY IN BENGAL

Sequel To Assembly Scenes: November Session Likely

CALCUTTA, Oct. 1.

Important developments are expected following the forced exit of the Deputy Speaker in the Bengal Assembly yesterday amidst uproarious scenes postponing the Assembly "sine die." Late in the night "Orient Press" learnt that the situation has developed to such an extent that November session is considered to be inevitable. After the Independent Muslim Party. It the Assembly meeting was over a new party was formed in a meeting presided over by Dr. Sanaullah—a staunch supporter of Mr. Huq. Those present at the meeting have signed a brief statement regarding the formation of the new party with a definite principle to safeguard Muslim interests. The new party includes Messrs. Muzamal Huq, Kabiruddin Khan and other prominent members and is named is expected that a dozen more will join this party.

The Muslim League party is of opinion that the new party will be the death knell of Mr. Huq's alliance. Dr. Shyamprasad Mukerjee and Mr. Huq have postponed their Delhi visit. They looked worried and busy. It is understood that legal opinion is being sought by the Opposition in the Assembly, regarding squandering of public money by the ministry.

The Opposition considers that giving travelling allowances to party members for attending party meeting, from public money amounts to bribe.—Orient Press.

Khandesh Village Gets Sykes Shield

The village of Chambhardi Budruk in Chalisgaon Taluka of East Khandesh District, has been awarded the Sir Frederick Sykes Village Improvement Challenge Shield for the Central Division for 1941.

(Continued From Col. 7)

rious services under the Committee will eventually number about 5,000. Arrangements are being made to look after their welfare and provide recreational facilities for them. A special Officer has been appointed to look after their welfare and their needs. A few Centres will be opened, where members of these services can take advantage of some kind of recreation A number of newspapers and books in various languages are required. The Committee appeals to the public to send in books, newspapers, etc., in all local languages for the benefit of the members of these services to Mr. P. K. Kapila, Assistant A.R.P. Controller, Council Hall, Bombay.

The Joint Civil Defence Committee is anxious that every citizen should take a keen interest in the various steps that are being taken for the protection of the people in the City. As far as permissible the people will be taken into confidence and told what all has been done either by holding public meetings, or through leaflets, etc., concluded Mr. Baig.

Bombay Must Be Prepared For Air Attacks

Sheriff On Joint Civil Defence Committee's Plans For Meeting Emergency

"There is a belief among some that Bombay is not likely to be subjected to enemy attacks. This belief is wrong. Situated and important as it is, Bombay may quite possibly be attacked either by air or from the sea and we must be prepared," observed Mr. M. R.A. Baig, Sheriff of Bombay and Acting Chairman of the Joint Civil Defence Committee at a Press Conference held at the Corporation Hall on Thursday evening.

Mr. Baig issued a grave warning to the citizens of Bombay that the consequences of unpreparedness otherwise would be terrible. Unpreparedness would mean innumerable deaths and untold hardships and this could only be avoided if everyone knew what he or she could do in an emergency.

PEOPLE'S RESPONSIBILITY

Mr. Baig declared that Civil Defence was primarily the responsibility of the people themselves. By this time everyone knew of the consequences of enemy bombardment, even in places where necessary precautions had been taken. This was enough to convince the people of Bombay that they could not afford to be indifferent any longer.

The Joint Civil Defence Committee which started its work in July, 1942, had prepared and approved of several schemes.

Two of the main schemes were the Fire Watching Scheme and the Casualty Service Scheme.

There would be roughly 8,000 fire watching posts spread over the whole city. Each post would be manned by a Fire Watcher on the roof and three Fire Fighters who would work the stirrup pump.

One party per post would need 32,000 volunteers and if the posts were to be manned by day and night, as should be the case during an emergency, four shifts might be necessary. Thus over 1,25,000 volunteers may be required. The task of organising the fire watching and fire fighting services had been entrusted to Dr. G. R. Pradhan. Dr. Pradhan had already set about his task and selected nearly 5,000 fire watching posts on the scale of one post for every five buildings.

In the Casualty Service there would be static first aid posts and eight mobile posts which would be fully staffed. Each post would have two part-time doctors, one nurse and five first-aiders. Here also volunteers were required in hundreds.

IDENTITY DISCS

The Joint Civil Defence Committee had approved of a scheme for providing identity discs at an anna each and the scheme will shortly be put into operation. Carrying of identity discs not only rendered easy identification of the victims but also facilitated the provision of compensation to them or their relatives.

The Committee had approved of a scheme providing for the organisation and running of rest camps. Eleven rest camps had been decided upon and they would accommodate more than 10,000 people.

FOR EVACUEES

"Elucidating the scheme, Mr. Baig said, as a result of enemy action many people may either be rendered homeless or be called upon to evacuate their homes owing to the existence of unexploded bombs in the vicinity. For such people facilities for lodging and boarding will be temporarily made available. If necessary, clothing will also be provided. The camps are so equipped that they can be brought into use at very short notice. This scheme is under the charge of Dewan Bahadur Dr. J. S. Nerurkar, late Health Officer of the Municipality.

A scheme which will facilitate the evacuation of the civilian population from the City when it becomes necessary, is ready.

WATER SUPPLIES

Provision has also been made to augment and protect the water supplies of the City of Bombay. 1,250 wells have already been opened and another 500 will be opened shortly. Out of the 12 experimental tube wells decided upon, 8 were sunk and as they did not prove successful, this portion of the scheme was abandoned. 130 wells are to be sunk in the compounds of various Government buildings in the City and sites for 104 of them have already been decided upon and 78 have so far been constructed. Besides these construction of several other static tanks is being undertaken by various official, non-official and semi-official organisations.

Schemes for the organisation of sanitary arrangements in the event of a breakdown, clearance of debris and demolition of buildings rendered dangerous by hostile attacks have been prepared by the City Health Officer and the City Engineer respectively and will be brought into operation during an emergency.

GRAIN SHOPS

The scheme to keep up the supply of foodstuffs for the civilian population for the City and Suburbs in the event of an emergency is ready. It provides for assistance to a number of selected shop keepers who sell grain and other essential commodities. The Grain Dealers' Association has agreed to co-operate in the Scheme. Provision is also made for the possibility of grain dealers leaving Bombay, and arrangements have been made to open and conduct through Government agencies about 234 retail shops distributed fairly throughout the City and Suburbs.

RECREATION

The number of people employed in the va-

(Continued in col. 5)

Why Not Keep SLIM and Beautiful

BEAUTY is more than skin deep. Those bright eyes, that lovely, clear complexion and sunny disposition come from internal health; and the secret of this internal health is Bile Beans.

So, if you want to have a lovely, graceful figure, a beautiful complexion and be happy, healthy and fit at all times, be sure to follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food residue: thus ensuring internal health which makes you beautiful and attractively slim.

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All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—Price ONE RUPEE a Bottle

CHARLIE CHAN SELF-APPOINTED By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

BY HEAVEN! WHAT A CRACK-UP!
HE HEADED STRAIGHT FOR THE WALL!
CHARLIE, SO HELP ME, I BELIEVE HE DID IT DELIBERATELY!
HAH! YES - ONE WAY OR OTHER HE KNEW HE WOULD DIE FOR HIS CRIMES - AND THIS WAY WAS QUICKER, MORE RECKLESS, AS HE HAD LIVED!
THE NEXT DAY, IN THE DAILY PAPERS -
3 CENTS
ESPONSIBLE
HAWK'S DEATH
LADDIE CARSON PRAISED FOR BRAVERY
B-10
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INSPECTOR WADE
IN
"The Double"
COMMENCES TOMORROW

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